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# SEMINAR NASIONAL TEKNIK KIMIA "KEJUANGAN" 2015

*Pengembangan Teknologi Kimia  
untuk Pengolahan Sumber Daya  
Alam Indonesia*

**18 Maret 2015**

**PROSIDING**



2015

**PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK KIMIA  
FAKULTAS TEKNOLOGI INDUSTRI  
UPN "VETERAN" YOGYAKARTA**





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SEMINAR NASIONAL  
TEKNIK KIMIA "KEJUANGAN" 2015**

*Pengembangan Teknologi Kimia untuk  
Pengolahan Sumber Daya Alam Indonesia  
Yogyakarta, 18 Maret 2015*

Hak Cipta ada pada Program Studi Teknik Kimia

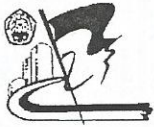
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4. Ir. Widayati, MT., Ph.D (UPN "Veteran" Yogyakarta)







## Daftar Isi

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J. Energi Baru dan Terbarukan	J1-1
K. Analisis Resiko	K1-1
L. Teknik Produk	L1-1
Indeks Penulis Makalah	
Indeks Kata Kunci	





## Daftar Makalah

### Makalah Pembicara Utama

- | Kode | Judul, Penulis dan Alamat   |
|------|---|
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#### A. Teknologi Pengolahan Sumber Daya Laut, Mineral, dan lain-lain

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|------|--|
| A1   | <b>Pengolahan Batubara dan Pemanfaatannya untuk Energi</b><br><i>Edy Nursanto<sup>1*</sup>, Sudaryanto<sup>1</sup> dan Untung Sukanto<sup>1</sup></i><br><sup>1</sup> Program Studi Teknik Pertambangan FTM UPN "Veteran" Yogyakarta<br>Jl. SWK 104, Lingkar Utara, Condong Catur, Yogyakarta<br>*E-mail: edynursantoyyk@yahoo.com.au  |
| A2   | <b>Teknologi Pengolahan Buah untuk Desa Duyung, Trawas, Mojokerto</b><br><i>Rudy Agustriyanto<sup>1*</sup>, Tuani Lidiawati<sup>2</sup>, Akbarningrum Fatmawati<sup>1</sup>, Lanny Sapei<sup>1</sup>,<br/>Theresia Desy Askitosari<sup>3</sup></i><br><sup>1</sup> Program Studi Teknik Kimia, FT, Ubaya Surabaya<br><sup>2</sup> Pusat Studi Lingkungan, Ubaya, Surabaya<br><sup>3</sup> Fakultas Teknobiologi, Ubaya, Surabaya<br>*E-mail: rudy.agustriyanto@staff.ubaya.ac.id |

#### B. Teknologi Proses dan Pengendaliannya

- | Kode | Judul, Penulis dan Alamat   |
|------|---|
| B1   | <b>The Influence Of Pyrolysis Temperature And Time To The Yield And Quality of Rubber Fruit (<i>Hevea brasiliensis</i>) Shell Liquid Smoke</b><br><i>Haris Fadillah<sup>1*</sup> dan Alivia Alfiarty<sup>2</sup></i><br><sup>1</sup> Program Studi Teknologi Pertanian, Fakultas Pertanian, Universitas Lambung Makurat, Banjarbaru, Kalimantan Selatan<br><sup>2</sup> IRGSC, Kupang, NTT<br>*E-mail: aries.fadillah22@yahoo.com |
| B2   | <b>Microwave-Assisted Deacetylation of Chitin from Shrimp Shells</b><br><i>Zainal Arifin<sup>1*</sup>, Dedy Irawan<sup>1</sup></i><br><sup>1</sup> Jurusan Teknik Kimia, Politeknik Negeri Samarinda, Jl. Dr. Ciptomangunkusumo, Kampus Gunung Lipan, Samarinda, Kalimantan Timur 75131<br>*E-mail: iffien_solo@yahoo.com   |







- B3 **Time Estimation of Onion Leaf Drying**  
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- B4 **Simulasi Pembuatan Etil Asetat Menggunakan Reactive Dividing Wall Column Dengan Katalis Asam Sulfat**  
*Johannes Martua Hutagalung\* dan Budi Husodo Bisowarno*  
Program Studi Magister Teknik Kimia, FTI, Universitas Katolik Parahyangan, Jalan Merdeka no.30, Bandung  
\*Email : [johannesmartua85@gmail.com](mailto:johannesmartua85@gmail.com)
- B5 **Potensi dan Aplikasi Diafiltrasi Pada Bidang Pangan, Perkebunan dan Peternakan**  
*Aspiyanto\**  
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Kawasan PUSPIPTEK, Serpong, Tangerang Selatan  
\*Email : [aspiyanto\\_2010@yahoo.com](mailto:aspiyanto_2010@yahoo.com)
- B6 **Potensi Pati Ganyong (*Canna edulis*) dan Pati Singkong dalam Produksi Asam Levulinat**  
*Angela M<sup>1</sup>\*, Judy R.B. Witono<sup>1</sup>\*, Meliana K<sup>1</sup>\*, and Novita<sup>1</sup>\**  
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[novita.phing@hotmail.com](mailto:novita.phing@hotmail.com)
- B7 **Sifat Fisikokimia Pati Sorghum Varietas Merah dan Putih Termodifikasi Heat Moisture Treatment (HMT) untuk Produk Bihun Berkualitas**  
*Kristinah Haryani<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>\*, Hadiyanto<sup>2</sup>, Hargono<sup>3</sup>, dan Noer Abyor Handayani<sup>4</sup>*  
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- B8 **Pembuatan Biodegradable Film dari Pati Biji Nangka (*Artocarpus heterophyllus*) dengan Penambahan Kitosan**  
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- B9 **Pembuatan Edible Film dari Karagenan Rumput Laut *Eucheuma cottonii* untuk Mengawetkan Buah Nanas**  
*Harsa Pawignya<sup>1</sup>, Dyah Tri Retno<sup>1</sup>, Boan Tua Verkasa H.<sup>1</sup>, Novie Valentina<sup>1</sup>*  
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- B10 **Proses Pembuatan Gelatin dari Kulit Kepala Sapidengan Proses Hidrolisis Menggunakan Katalis HCl**  
*Sri Suhenry, Tunjung Wahyu Widayati, Hutomo Tri Hartarto, dan Roby Suprihadi*  
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- B11 **Preliminary Study of Methyl Acetate Hydrolysis Using Reactive Dividing Wall Column**  
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- B12 **Penyusunan Kriteria Pemilihan Proses Flue Gas Desulfurization PLTU-Batubara**  
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- B13 **Pengaruh Penambahan MgO dan SiO<sub>2</sub> Serta Suhu Sintering Terhadap Sifat Fisis dan Mekanis Komposit Keramik  $\alpha$ -Alumina**  
*Jarot Raharjo<sup>1</sup> dan Sri Rahayu<sup>1</sup>*  
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- B14 **Pengaruh Tingkat Kemurnian Bahan Baku Alumina Terhadap Temperatur Sintering dan Karakteristik Keramik Alumina**  
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- B15 **Pengujian Slim-tube untuk Memperkirakan Minimum Miscible Pressure pada Studi CO<sub>2</sub> Enhanced Oil Recovery**  
*IGS Budiaman<sup>1) & 2)</sup>, Mastur Efendi<sup>2)</sup>, Victor Sitompul<sup>2)</sup>, Denie Winata<sup>2)</sup>, Rian Apriandi<sup>2)</sup>, Irma Primasari<sup>2)</sup>.*  
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- B16 **Penurunan Kadar Besi (Fe) dan Mangan (Mn) Dalam Air Tanah dengan Metode Aerasi Conventional Cascade dan Aerasi Vertical Baffle Channel Cascade**  
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- B17 **Pembuatan Edible Film dari Tepung Jagung (*Zea Mays L.*) dan Kitosan**  
*Sri Wahyu Murni, Harso Pawignyo, Desi Widyawati, dan Novita Sari*  
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- B18 **Pembuatan Surfaktan Di Alkil Karbohidrat dari Alga**  
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### C. Perpindahan Massa dan Panas

Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- C1 **Sintesis Karbon Aktif dari Kulit Salak dengan Aktivasi  $K_2CO_3$  sebagai Adsorben Larutan Zat Warna Metilen Biru**  
*Arenst Andreas\*, Aditya Putranto and Tjan Christine Sabatini*  
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- C2 **Pemodelan dan Simulasi Secara Tunak dan Dinamik pada Pengeringan dengan Rotary Dryer**  
*Herry Santoso\*, Viorie Gerrid S., Yogie Saputra Hartono, Aditya Putranto*  
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- C3 **Sintesis Karbon Aktif dari Kulit Salak Aktivasi Kimia-Senyawa KOH sebagai Adsorben Proses Adosprsi Zat Warna Metilen Biru**  
*Vincent Liem, Aditya Putranto and Arenst Andreas\**  
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- C4 **Pengaruh Pressure Drop terhadap Efektivitas Heat Exchanger Dengan Menggunakan Simulator Aspen Hysys V. 7.3**  
*Widya Rahma Iswara<sup>1</sup>, dan Ari Susandy Sanjaya<sup>2\*</sup>*  
<sup>1,2</sup>Program Studi Teknik Kimia, Universitas Mulawarman, Samarinda, 75119  
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- C5 **Pemodelan Perpindahan Massa Adsorpsi Zat Warna pada Adsorben Berbasis *Jatropha Curcas L.* dengan Homogeneous dan Heterogeneous Surface Diffusion Model**  
*Aditya Putranto\*, Yansen Hartanto, Kornelius Karlvindan Arenst Andreas*  
Program Studi Teknik Kimia, Universitas Katolik Parahyangan,  
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- C6 **Pemodelan Pengeringan Polyvinyl Alcohol dalam Larutan Organik dengan Reaction Engineering Approach (REA)**  
*Geraldly Suhendro<sup>1</sup>, dan Aditya Putranto<sup>2</sup>*  
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- C7 **Sintesis Karbon Aktif dari Kulit Jeruk dengan Aktivasi Menggunakan Subkritik Air**  
*Victor Abednego Rolland Doko, Ratna Frida Susanti dan Arenst Andreas\**  
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- C8 **Sintesis Karbon Aktif dari Kulit Salak dengan Aktivasi  $H_3PO_4$  sebagai Adsorben Larutan Zat Warna Metilen Biru**  
*Maria Angela NS\**, *Arenst Andreas*, and *Aditya Putranto*  
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- C9 **Sintesa Karbon Aktif dari Kulit Salak dengan Aktivasi Kimia-Senyawa  $ZnCl_2$  dan Aplikasinya pada Adsorpsi Zat Warna Metilen Biru**  
*Raymond Tanumiharja\**, *Aditya Putranto*, dan *Arenst Andreas*  
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Universitas Katolik Parahyangan, Ciumbuleuit 94, Bandung 40141  
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- C10 **Modeling and Simulation of Methylene Blue Batch Adsorption Using *Jatropha Curcas L.* Residue-Based Activated Carbon by Shrinking Core Model**  
*Yansen Hartanto\**, *Aditya Putranto*, *Rendi Bunaidi*, dan *Arenst Andreas*  
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#### D. Termodinamika

##### Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- D1 **Penurunan Konsumsi Steam Di PG Modjo-Sragen dengan Konsep Heat-Process Integration Menggunakan Energy Utilization Diagram**  
*Daniyanto<sup>1)</sup>*, *Fathurrahman Rifai<sup>1)</sup>*, *Arief Budiman<sup>\*2)</sup>*  
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Jl Grafika 2, Yogyakarta 55284, Indonesia  
\*) Corresponding author, e-mail: [abudiman@ugm.ac.id](mailto:abudiman@ugm.ac.id)
- D2 **Simulasi Termodinamika Perengkahan Tar pada Keluaran *Fixed Bed Gasifier***  
*Dwi Hantoko*, *Taniadi Suria*, *Joko Waluyo* dan *Herri Susanto\**  
Laboratorium Termofluida dan Sistem Utilitas  
Program Studi Teknik Kimia, FTI-ITB, Bandung-40132 Indonesia  
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#### E. Kinetika Reaksi dan Katalisis

##### Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- E1 **Tinjauan Pengaruh Zeolit terhadap Laju Korosi Baja Karbon dalam Medium Asam Mineral ( $H_2SO_4$ ) dan Minuman Berkarbonasi**  
*Bambang Hari P.<sup>1)</sup>*, *Hendriyana*, *Evana Widyastuti*, dan *Hesty Dzulhijjati Handayani*  
<sup>1</sup>Program Studi Teknik Kimia, FT, UNJANI  
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- E2 **Optimization of Glycerolysis Temperature Process for the Synthesis of Monoglyceride-Diglyceride Surfactants Derived from oil of Silkworm Pupae**  
*Ery Fatarina Purwaningtyas<sup>1)</sup>*, *Mega Kasmiyatun<sup>1)</sup>*, *MF.Sri Mulyaningsih<sup>1)</sup>*, dan *Indah Wiji Negeri<sup>1)</sup>*  
<sup>1</sup>Program Studi Teknik Kimia Fakultas Teknik, Universitas 17 Agustus 1945 (UNTAG) Semarang  
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email: [ery\\_fatarina@yahoo.co.id](mailto:ery_fatarina@yahoo.co.id)







- E3 **Kinetics Study of Fe Content Decrease In Well Water With Activated Carbon Adsorption Of Coffee Waste**  
*Adi Prima Rizki<sup>1\*</sup>, dan Ari Susandy Sanjaya<sup>2</sup>*  
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*\*E-mail: adyritzki@yahoo.co.id*
- E4 **Uji Laboratorium Proses Perengkahan Toluena dengan Katalis Reformasi Kukuks Ni/ $\alpha$ -Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>**  
*Aisyah Ardy<sup>1</sup>, Herri Susanto<sup>1</sup> dan Subagjo<sup>2</sup>*  
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- E5 **Preparasi dan Karakterisasi Katalis Co/Zeorite Y and Co-Mo/Zeorite Y untuk Konversi Tar Batubara**  
*Didi Dwi Anggoro dan Luqman Buchori*  
Jurusan Teknik Kimia, Fakultas Teknik, Universitas Diponegoro  
Jl. Prof. Sudarto SH, Tembalang, Semarang  
*\*E-mail: anggorophd@gmail.com*
- E6 **Perbandingan Model Kinetika Hidrolisa Enzimatis Sabut Kelapa**  
*Rudy Agustriyanto\*, dan Akbarningrum Fatmawati*  
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- E7 **Kinetic Model of Urea Desorption from a Starch-Based Controlled Release Fertilizer**  
*Kennedy, Herry Santoso\*, Judy Reti Witono, Yohanes Herjanto, dan Evan Susanto*  
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*\*E-mail: hsantoso@unpar.ac.id*
- E8 **Kinetika Reduksi Isotermal CuO/ZnO dalam Penyiapan Katalis untuk Sintesis Metanol**  
*Hendriyana<sup>1\*</sup>, Herri Susanto<sup>2</sup>, dan Subagjo<sup>2</sup>*  
<sup>1</sup>Jurusan Teknik Kimia, FT, UNJANI, Jl. Terusan Jend. Sudirman Cimahi  
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## F. Bioteknologi

### Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- F1 **Proses Inaktivasi Enzim Gaultherase Melalui *Mixed-Drying Extraction* untuk Pengambilan Gaultherin Sebagai Antikanker**  
*Priyono Kusumo<sup>1</sup>, MF.Sri Mulyaninggih<sup>1</sup>, dan Mohamad Endy Yulianto<sup>2</sup>*  
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- F2 **Aplikasi *Biobleaching* Dalam Pemisahan Logam dari Batuan Mineral *Pyrite* dengan Menggunakan Bakteri *Thiobacillus ferrooxidans* dan Fungi *Aspergillus niger***  
*Ronny Kurniawan, S. Juhanda, Vitri Banimulyanty, Lena Marita*  
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- F3 **Reduksi Sulfat oleh Bakteri Termofilik dari Air Panas Sarongsong Kota Tomohon**  
*Friy Lisa Taroreh<sup>1</sup>, Ferry F. Karwur<sup>1,2</sup>, Jubhar C. Mangimbulude<sup>1</sup>*  
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- F4 **Biopulping Rami Menggunakan Jamur Pelapuk Putih**  
*Chandra Apriana Purwita, Hendro Risdianto*  
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#### G. Teknologi Pemisahan

##### Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- G1 **Ekstraksi Tannin dari Daun Tanaman Putri Malu (*Mimosa Pudica*)**  
*Fadil Ahmad Nur, dan Novy Pralisa Putri\**  
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- G2 **Proses Pengolahan Dan Pemurnian Bijih Tembaga Dengan Cara Konvensional dan Biomining**  
*Untung Sukanto, Dyah Probawati, Anton Sudyanto*  
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Universitas Pembangunan Nasional "Veteran" Yogyakarta  
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- G3 **Adsorpsi Ion Mn(II) Pada Zeolit yang Disintesis dari Abu Dasar Batubara Termodifikasi Ditizon**  
*Riandy Putra<sup>1</sup>, Khamidinal<sup>1</sup>, dan Didik Krisdiyanto<sup>1</sup>*  
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- G4 **Tannin Removal by Hot Water as the Pretreatment of the Multi Stages Extraction of *Phaleria macrocarpa* Bioactive Compounds**  
*Tedi Hudaya\*, Alex Sabianto, and Susiana Prasetyo S.*  
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\*E-mail: t\_hudaya@yahoo.com.au
- G5 **Ekstraksi Daun Mimba (*Azadirachta Indica* A. Juss) dengan Pelarut Etanol**  
*Adi Ilcham<sup>1</sup>, Siswanti<sup>1</sup>, Nur Muhammad Muaddib Ahlullah<sup>1</sup>, Rita Erwidiyawati Putri<sup>1</sup>*  
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- G6 **The Effect of F:S Ratio, Temperature, Particle Diameter, and Mixing Speed in The Dispersive Contact Batch Extraction of *Phaleria macrocarpa* Fruit Using 70%-v Ethanol Solvent**  
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- G7 **The Pre-chromatography Purification of Crude Oleoresin of *Phaleria Macrocarpa* Fruit Extracts by Using 70%-v/v Ethanol**  
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- G8 **Subcritical Water Extraction of Essential Oils from Indonesia Basil (Kemangi) Leaf: Effects of Temperature and Extraction Time on Yield and Product Composition**  
*Siti Zullaikah<sup>1\*</sup>*, *Cynthia Clarizka D.<sup>2</sup>*, *Dewi Fulanah<sup>3</sup>*, *Lailatul Fitri<sup>4</sup>*, *Yunila Refit W.<sup>5</sup>*  
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- G9 **The Optimization of Bioactive Compounds Continuous Extraction Conditions from *Phaleria macrocarpa* Fruit by Percolation Method**  
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- G10 **Ekstraksi Kulit Buah Naga sebagai Pewarna Alami**  
*Sri Sudarni<sup>1</sup>*, *Purwo Subagyo<sup>2</sup>*, *Anna Susanti<sup>3\*</sup>*, dan *Anggun Sri Wahyuningsih<sup>4</sup>*  
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- G11 **Removal of Rhodamine-B From Aqueous Solution by Adsorption Onto Chitosan/Polymethylmetacrylate/Cloisite-10A Composites**  
*Eny Kusriani<sup>1\*</sup>*, *Muhammad Aidil Adhha Abdullah<sup>2</sup>*, *Arief Frianda R<sup>1</sup>*  
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- G12 **Pemurnian Pasir Silika dengan Metode Leaching Asam dan bantuan Sonikasi**  
*Sumarno<sup>1\*</sup>*, *Prida Novarita T.<sup>2</sup>*, *Magvirah January<sup>3</sup>*, *Yuyun Yuniarti<sup>4</sup>*  
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## H. Teknologi Partikel

Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

## I. Teknologi Pengolahan Limbah

Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- II **Optimizing the hydrolysis acid process of cellulose from post-harvest sugarcane (*Saccharum officinarum*) residue for bioethanol production**  
*Alivia Alfiarty<sup>1\*</sup>* dan *Novike Bela<sup>2</sup>*  
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- 12 **Imobilisasi Limbah Radioaktif Uranium Menggunakan Abu Batubara Sebagai Bahan Matriks Synroc**  
*Gunandjar<sup>1\*</sup>, Titik Sundari<sup>1</sup>, dan Yuli Purwanto<sup>1</sup>*  
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- 13 **Pra Kondisi untuk Pengelolaan Limbah Reflektor dari Reaktor TRIGA MARK II**  
*Mulyono Daryoko<sup>1\*</sup>, Sutoto<sup>1</sup>, dan Dwi Luhur Ibnu Saputra<sup>1</sup>*  
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<sup>\*</sup>E-mail: [daryoko@batan.go.id](mailto:daryoko@batan.go.id)
- 14 **Utilization Of Polypropilene Glycol As Anti Foaming Agent On Evaporation of Detergent Radioactive Liquid Waste**  
*Zainus Salimin, Endang Nuraeni, Dwi Luhur Ibnu Saputra*  
Center for Radioactive Waste Technology, National Nuclear Energy Agency, PUSPIPTEK Complex, Building 50, Tangerang Selatan 15310, Telp. 021-7563142, Fax. 021-7560927.  
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- 15 **Modelling Self-Heating in Compost Piles: Application of Reaction Engineering Approach**  
*Shierin<sup>1\*</sup>, Aditya Putranto<sup>2</sup>*  
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[adityaptr@yahoo.com](mailto:adityaptr@yahoo.com)
- 16 **Pengaruh Penambahan Diethylene Glycol Terhadap Gas Hasil Fermentasi Limbah Peternakan Sapi Dusun Ngentak, Desa Poncosari, Kecamatan Srandakan, Kabupaten Bantul, DIY**  
*Nur Suhascaryo<sup>1\*</sup>, Hongki Budi Prasetyo<sup>2</sup>, Anang Ade Prasetyo<sup>3</sup>, Hadi Purnomo<sup>4</sup>, dan Sugeng Priyono<sup>5</sup>*  
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<sup>\*</sup>E-mail: [hongkibudi@yahoo.co.id](mailto:hongkibudi@yahoo.co.id)
- ✓ 17 **Sistem Integrasi Koagulasi dan Adsorpsi dalam Reduksi Logam Berat (Cr<sup>6+</sup> dan Cu<sup>2+</sup>) pada Limbah Cair Industri Tekstil**  
*Judy R.B. Wüono, Angela M, Agnes Y, dan Carissa C*  
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- 18 **Pengolahan Air Limbah Tempe dengan Metode Sequencing Batch Reactor Skala Laboratorium dan Industri Kecil Tempe**  
*Winda<sup>1\*</sup> dan Ign. Suharto<sup>2</sup>*  
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- I9 **Refining Minyak Pelumas Bekas Dengan Proses Fisika-Kimia**  
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- I10 **Pengolahan Limbah Tekstil Menggunakan Elektrokoagulasi**  
*Tuani Lidlawati S<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Lieke Riadi<sup>1,2</sup>, Liok Dimas Sanjaya<sup>1</sup> dan Whenny Ferydhiwati<sup>1</sup>*  
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- I11 **Pengolahan Limbah Plastik Kemasan Multilayer Ldpe (Low Density Poly Ethilene) dengan Menggunakan Metode Pirolisis Microwave**  
*S. R. Juliastuti<sup>1\*</sup>, Nuniek Hendriani<sup>2</sup>, Arief Febrianto<sup>3</sup>, Diki Dinar Ramadhika<sup>4</sup>*  
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- J. Energi baru Terbarukan**
- Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat**
- J1 **Pembuatan Serbuk Perak dengan Metode Reduksi Presipitasi Kimia dan Pasta Perak untuk Aplikasi Kontak Metal Sel Surya Silikon**  
*Yunus Tonapa Sarungu*  
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- J2 **Determination of The Biodiesel Production Process from Palm Fatty Acid Distillate and Methanol**  
*Supranto Supranto<sup>1</sup>, Ahmad Tawfiequrrahman<sup>1</sup> and Dedi Eko Yinanto<sup>1</sup>*  
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- J3 **Perkembangan Proses Produksi Biodiesel Sebagai Bahan Bakar Alternatif**  
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- J4 **Potensi Kerang sebagai Katalis Untuk Pembuatan Biodiesel**  
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- J5 **Effect of pyrolysis temperature and number of molasses's adhesive toward quality of mud cake based bio briquette**  
*Andy Chandra<sup>1</sup>, Melia Laniwati<sup>2</sup>, Melissa Yusuf<sup>1</sup>, Welianny Pratiwi<sup>1</sup>*  
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- J6 **Studi Biobriket Enceng Gondok (*Eichhornia Crassipes*) sebagai Bahan Bakar Energi Terbarukan**  
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- J7 **Pemanfaatan Janggel Jagung dan Batok Kelapa Menjadi Gas Mempan Bakar untuk Mensubstitusi Elpiji Melalui Proses Gasifikasi**  
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- J8 **Pemanfaatan Umbi Gadung Beracun (*Dioscorea hispida*) sebagai Bahan Baku Pembuatan Bioetanol untuk Bahan Bakar Kompor Rumah Tangga: Perancangan Distilasi Satu Tahap**  
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- J10 **Co-Pyrolysis Characteristics of Indonesia Low Rank Coal and Oil Palm Empty Fruit Bunch**  
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- J11 **Pembuatan Biobriket dari Limbah Organik**  
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#### K. Analisis Resiko

Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

#### L. Teknik Produk

Kode Judul, Penulis dan Alamat

- L1 **Karakterisasi dan Sifat Biodegradasi Edible Film dari Pati Kulit Pisang Nangka (*Musa Paradisiaca* L.) dengan Penambahan Kitosan dan Plasticizer Gliserol**  
*Zakiah Darajat Nurfajrin<sup>1</sup>, Gde Sumawisesa Mahendrajaya<sup>1</sup>, Sri Sukadarti<sup>1</sup> dan Endang Sulistyowati<sup>1</sup>*  
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[zakiahdarajat.zd@gmail.com](mailto:zakiahdarajat.zd@gmail.com)
- L2 **Pengaruh Temperatur dan Tebal Lapisan Susu Kedelai pada Tray dalam Pengeringan Busa terhadap Kualitas Susu Kedelai Bubuk**  
*Anita Dwi Pratiwi<sup>1</sup>, dan Ign. Suharto<sup>2</sup>*  
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- L3 Pembuatan Biskuit dari Campuran Beras, Jagung, Tepung Tempe dan Implikasinya Terhadap Prediksi Kadaluwarsa**  
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- L4 Peningkatan Mutu Simpan Buah dengan Coating Film Komposit Tapioka-Kitosan**  
*Nur Rokhati<sup>1)</sup>, Aji Prasetyaningrum, Diyono Ikhsan, dan Tutuk Djoko Kusworo*  
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- L5 Karakteristik Membran Komposit Poli Eter Eter Keton Tersulfonasi untuk Direct Methanol Fuel Cell**  
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- L6 Kombinasi Proses Cold Gelation dan Foam Mat Drying Pada Karakteristik Produk Karagenan**  
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## Kinetic Model of Urea Desorption from a Starch-Based Controlled Release Fertilizer

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### Abstract

*The use of fertilizer has increased as the agriculture become more intensified. This increment caused a lot of environmental issue, such as water and soil pollution. It is well-known that conventional fertilizer does not have a good efficiency in practice due to fertilizer leaching or washing off problem. This problem can now be significantly minimized by using a controlled release system. There are a lot of models that have been used to study controlled release drugs, but only a few are used to describe controlled release fertilizers. In this study, we propose a simple model to represent urea desorption from a starch-based controlled release fertilizer and then use the model to predict the urea desorption characteristics of the fertilizer. The controlled release fertilizer was made from starch-based hydrogel loaded with urea. The urea desorption from the starch-based controlled release fertilizer in the water is then tested. The kinetic data collected from the urea desorption experiment is used to derive, verify, and validate the kinetic model of urea desorption from the starch-based controlled release fertilizer.*

**Keywords:** starch-based hydrogel, controlled release fertilizer, kinetic model, urea desorption.

### Introduction

Fertilizer is any material, solid or liquid, which is added to soil to supply one or more nutrients essential for the proper development and growth of a plant (Gowariker, et al, 2009). Lack or excess in nutrient is not good for the plant. One of the common fertilizers is urea in granular form. Urea is an odorless and colorless crystal with 45-46% nitrogen (Lingga and Marsono, 2008). However, only 30-50% of nitrogen can be absorbed by the plants. The excess is washed into the groundwater and rivers, which causes water and soil pollution. Further pollution can cause degradation in soil quality such as decrement in microorganism and worm quantity (. For that, a solution is needed to increase the efficiency in the use of urea fertilizer (Martodireso and Suryanto, 2007).

Controlled release is a method that release or deliver a compound in a response of time (Jamnongkan and Kaewpirom, 2010). This method firstly practiced in medical field to optimize the dosage, to minimize the cost and toxic effect, and to increase the drugs overall efficiency. In agriculture field, this method is used to make a controlled release fertilizer. The advantages in this method are (1) to minimize the effect of excess fertilizer, (2) to decrease the operational cost, (3) to release the fertilizer directly to the root of the plants, (4) to decrease the fertilizer loss, and (5) to decrease water and soil pollution (Han, et al, 2008).

Hydrogel is a three dimensional macromolecule polymer matrix which has a hydrophilic character. It can absorb water multiple times from its dry weight and its volume can expand significantly. A common hydrogel is made from a natural material, e.g. starch, so it can be biologically degraded. A good hydrogel has some criteria: (1) it can hold fertilizer in large amount, (2) it can release the fertilizer periodically, (3) it can hold the fertilizer for a long time, and (4) it can keep the soil moisture and control soil erosion (Bortolin, et al, 2011).

Modeling is a process to make a model that represents a set of experimental data, so that the model can describe the system's characteristics (Bender, 2000). From an existing model, we expect to know the characteristic of the same system in different variation without doing the experimental procedure. Modeling nowadays is greatly demanded to reduce the experimental cost. There are a lot of model to describe the controlled release systems in medical field, but only a few describe the controlled release fertilizer.

In this paper, an urea controlled release fertilizer will be made from starch hydrogel and the urea release data will be collected from desorption experiment. A simple mathematical model is then developed to represent the controlled release fertilizer system.





## Methodology

### Experimental

The experiment has three main stages: (1) hydrogel synthesis, (2) fertilizer adsorption, and (3) fertilizer release. Hydrogel is synthesized by grafting reaction, using 10%-weight starch in 1 kg of mixture, heated to 70°C in aquadest while stirred for 25 minutes in no-oxygen reactor. The mixture is then cooled to 40°C before 37.2 ml acrylic acid is added. After 5 minutes, 0.585 g of Ferro Ammonium Sulfate (FAS) is added, followed by 0.51 g of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 2 minutes later. The reaction occurs for 2 hours before a variety of methylenbisacrilamide (MBAm) is added. After 20 minutes, 2 ml of NaOH is added, followed by 2 ml of 0.1 M hydroquinone 20 minutes later. The reaction is finished 10 minutes later (Witono, et al, 2012).

The formed copolymer is then washed using 80% acetone, with the amount of 4 times of copolymer's weight. The washing process is done 3 times, then the copolymer is dried using an oven at 60°C until the weight is constant. The dried copolymer is then crushed to -60+80 mesh (Witono, et al, 2012).

The adsorption process is done by soaking the hydrogel in 1 L urea solution (10,000 ; 15,000 ; 20,000 ; 30,000 ppm). The solution concentration is analyzed at a particular time interval by spectrophotometry method using Ehrlich reagent. The hydrogel is then dried until the weight is constant (Liang, et al, 2008).

The release process is done by soaking the urea-containing hydrogel in 1 L of water. The solution concentration is then analyzed at a particular time interval by spectrophotometry method using Ehrlich reagent until the concentration is constant (Wijaya, 2014).

### Model

Desorption is the inverse of adsorption, the release of a molecule, ion, or particle, which was adsorbed by the adsorbent from a solvent. In equilibrium state, the desorption rate is equal to adsorption rate. Desorption kinetics can be approached by adsorption kinetics, for example by using pseudo first-order model. This kinetic model was the first invented model to describe solid-liquid adsorption kinetic. The pseudo first order model can be written as equation 1.

$$\frac{dq_t}{dt} = k_{p1} (q_s - q_t) \quad (1)$$

where:

- $q_e$  is the adsorption capacity in equilibrium (mg/g).
- $q_t$  is the adsorption capacity at time t (mg/g).
- t is the time (minute).
- $k_{p1}$  is the pseudo first order model parameter.

The model parameter estimation is done to estimate the value of the unknown parameter in the model equation. The unknown parameter in this equation is  $k_{p1}$ . The  $k_{p1}$  parameter is estimated using 2 sets of data from the experimental result. The appropriate value of  $k_{p1}$  is obtained by minimizing the sum of square of the error between the experimental data of  $q_t$  and the value of  $q_t$  estimated by the model using a particular value of  $k_{p1}$ . This optimization problem can be solved easily using any numerical optimization solver (e.g. in MATLAB we can use 'fminseach' command). The value of  $q_t$  estimated by the model using the model using a particular value of  $k_{p1}$  can be calculated by solving Equation (1) using any numerical ordinary differential equation solver (e.g. in MATLAB we can use 'ode23s' command).

The model validation is done by substituting the value of  $k_{p1}$  calculated above into Equation (1) and then solving it using any numerical ordinary differential equation solver. The value of  $q_t$  estimated by the model using the value of  $k_{p1}$  is then checked against the other 2 sets of experiment data in order to determine whether the model is valid or not.

## Result and Discussion

The experiment is done by varying the initial solution concentration in adsorption process, i.e. 10,000; 15,000; 20,000; 30,000 ppm, and the cross-linker (MBAm) fraction, i.e. 1.5% and 2.5%. The corresponding urea release data from the desorption experiment is shown in **Table 1** and **Table 2**. The solution concentrations keep increasing because the urea is moving from the hydrogel to the solution.



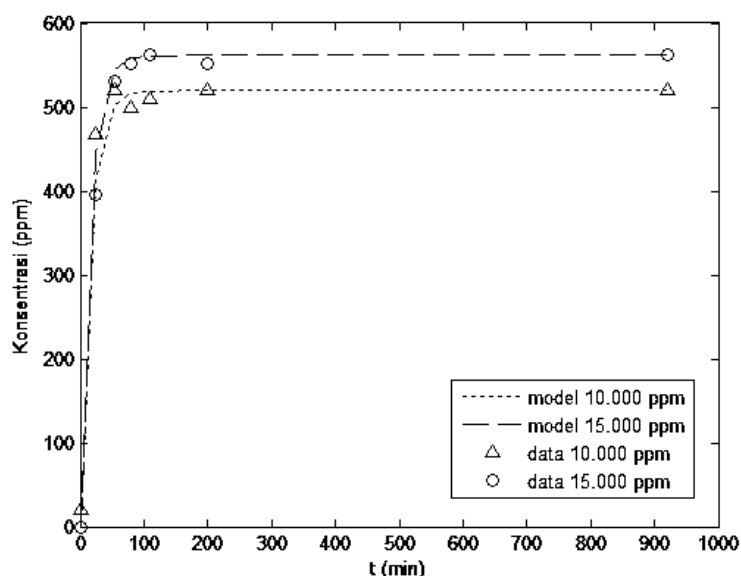
**Table 1.** Concentration of solution with 1.5% cross-linker and various initial adsorption concentrations.

Time (s)	Solution Concentration (ppm)			
	10,000 ppm	15,000 ppm	20,000 ppm	30,000 ppm
0	0	0	0	0
25	467.3810	394.8224	384.5001	436.2195
55	519.5352	529.9991	436.2195	529.9991
80	498.6406	550.9599	519.5352	550.9599
110	509.0824	561.4569	593.0147	582.4843
200	519.5352	550.9599	582.4843	571.9650
920	519.5352	561.4569	571.9650	571.9650

**Table 2.** Concentration of solution with 2.5% cross-linker and various initial adsorption concentrations.

Time (s)	Solution Concentration (ppm)			
	10,000 ppm	15,000 ppm	20,000 ppm	30,000 ppm
0	0	0	0	0
25	241.1033	292.0789	261.4621	281.8628
55	322.7904	415.4993	456.9829	509.0824
80	488.2098	540.4739	436.2194	593.0147
110	529.9990	593.0147	446.5957	582.4842
200	593.0147	602.5563	593.0147	614.1091
920	582.4842	582.4242	603.5563	624.6732

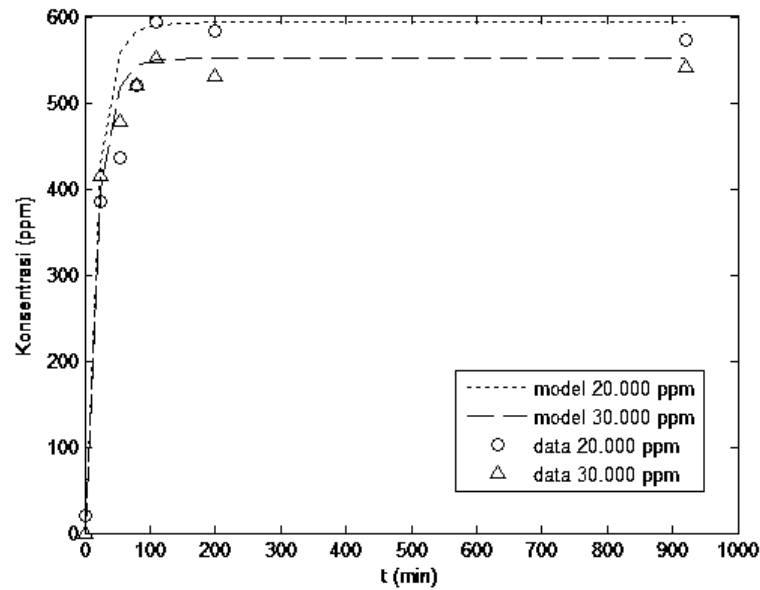
**Figure 1** shows the comparison between the experimental data and the model estimation. There are 2 sets of data in each cross-linker variation used to estimate the  $k_{p1}$  parameter, i.e. for the 1.5% cross-linker, the initial concentration of 10,000 ; 15,000 ppm. From **Figure 1**, it can be seen that the experimental data and the model estimation are close to each other. The value of  $k_{p1}$  for the model is -0.0627.



**Figure 1.** Parameter  $k_{p1}$  estimation for initial concentration of 10,000 and 20,000 ppm with 1.5% cross-linker

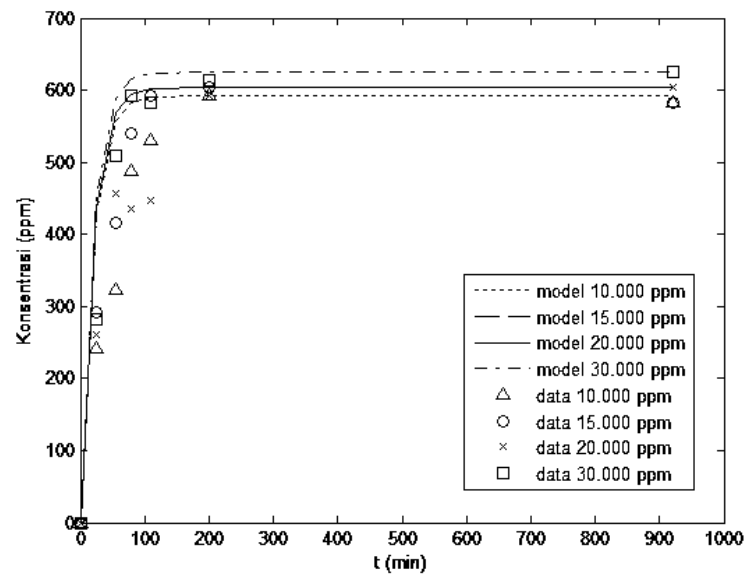
The  $k_{p1}$  value of -0.0627 is validated using the other 2 sets of data, i.e. for the 1.5% cross-linker, the initial concentration of 20,000 ; 30,000 ppm. **Figure 2** shows the comparison between the experimental data and the model estimation using the  $k_{p1}$  value of -0.0627. From **Figure 2**, the data and the model is alike. This means the  $k_{p1}$  value can represent all the concentration variations in the 1.5% cross-linker experiment. Thus, we can say that the value of  $k_{p1}$  is not a function of the initial urea concentration.





**Figure 2.** Parameter  $k_{p1}$  (-0.0627) validation for initial concentration of 20,000 and 30,000 ppm with 1.5% cross-linker

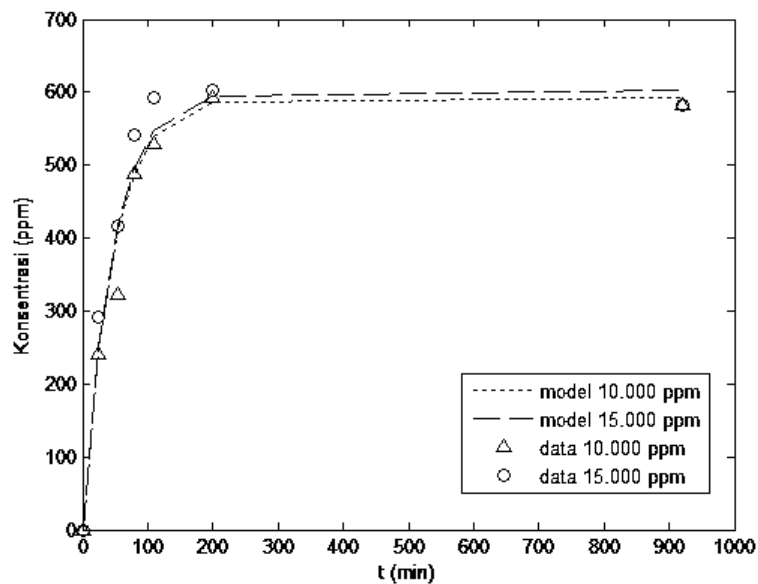
The  $k_{p1}$  value of -0.0627 is also tested against the 2.5% cross-linker experiment data. The result is shown in **Figure 3**. From **Figure 3**, it can be seen that the model prediction is tend to deviate from the experiment data. This means the  $k_{p1}$  value estimated from the 1.5% cross-linker experiment cannot represent the data in 2.5% cross-linker experiment. The  $k_{p1}$  value estimated from the 1.5% cross-linker experiment is significantly larger than the actual  $k_{p1}$  value for 2.5% cross-linker experiment.



**Figure 3.** Parameter  $k_{p1}$  (-0.0627) validation for initial concentration of 10,000; 15,000; 20,000; and 30,000 ppm with 2.5% cross-linker

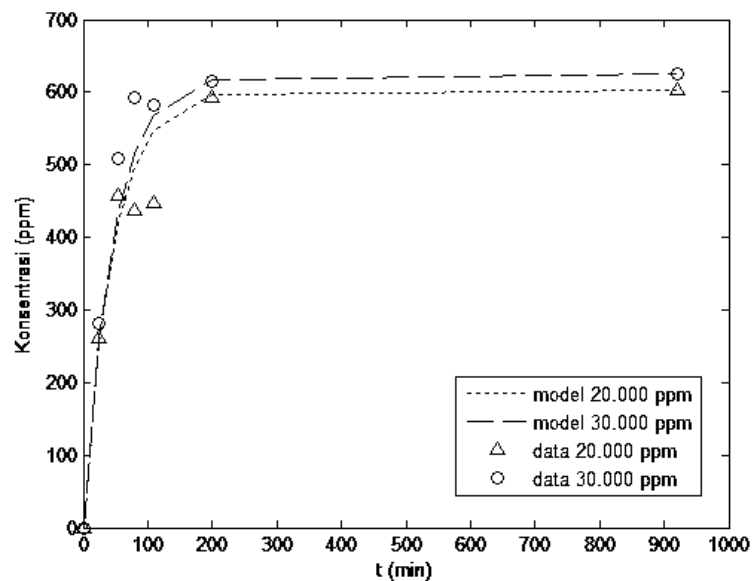
The parameter estimation for the 2.5% cross-linker is done using 2 sets of data from the the 2.5% cross-linker desorption experiment, i.e. with the initial concentration of 10,000 and 15,000 ppm. **Figure 4** shows that the experimental data and model is alike. As expected, the value of  $k_{p1}$  is -0.0216, which is smaller than the value of  $k_{p1}$  obtained from the 1.5% cross-linker desorption experiment.





**Figure 4.** Parameter  $k_{p1}$  estimation for initial concentration of 10,000 and 15,000 ppm with 2.5% cross-linker

The  $k_{p1}$  value of -0.0216 is then validated using the other 2 sets of data, i.e. for the 2.5% cross-linker, the initial concentration of 20,000 and 30,000 ppm. **Figure 5** shows the comparison between the experimental data and model estimation using  $k_{p1}$  value of -0.0216.



**Figure 5.** Parameter  $k_{p1}$  (-0.0216) validation for initial concentration of 20,000 and 30,000 with 2.5% cross-linker

The  $k_{p1}$  value for 1.5% cross-linker is -0.0627, and for 2.5% cross-linker is -0.216. These show that  $k_{p1}$  is a function of cross-linker percentage, where the more cross-linker in a hydrogel, the more effective the hydrogel ability to retain or hold the urea entrapped in it, thus the longer time is needed for the urea to be released to the environment.

## Conclusion

The controlled release fertilizer modeling can be done using a pseudo first order kinetics model. The parameter  $k_{p1}$  in this experiment is not a function of concentration, but a function of cross-linker percentage. The value of  $k_{p1}$  for 1.5% cross-linker is -0.0627 and for 2.5% cross-linker is -0.0216. In general, the pseudo first order model is able to describe the controlled release fertilizer's desorption characteristic. The more cross-linker in the hydrogel, the





more ability the hydrogel has to retain or hold the urea entrapped in it. This property might be desired in order to increase the efficiency of using a controlled release fertilizer.

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## Lembar Tanya Jawab

**Moderator : Didi Dwi Anggoro (Universitas Diponegoro Semarang)**

**Notulen : Susanti Rina Nugraheni (UPN "Veteran" Yogyakarta)**

1. Penanya : Didi Dwi Anggoro (Teknik Kimia Universitas Diponegoro Semarang)  
Pertanyaan :
  - Disini bagian mana yang dimodelkan?
  - Kenapa ada konstanta bernilai (-) ?Jawaban :
  - Saat air menggenang (saat pengairan berhenti)
  - Pada saat adsorpsi  $dq/dt=Kp1(qe-qt)$  saat desorpsi jangan mengubah persamaan (persamaan jangan dibalik)

