

## **BAB 5**

### **KESIMPULAN**

Dalam penulisan, telah melihat bagaimana dinamika yang terjadi dalam perdagangan biodiesel Indonesia dengan Tiongkok. Hubungan perdagangan ini didukung dengan beberapa jalur perdagangan serta kerjasama. Hal tersebut yang memfasilitasi pertukaran produk biodiesel, promosi kerjasama, dan membangun hubungan bilateral dengan kedua negara tersebut. Terdapat peranan penting yang dilakukan oleh beberapa jalur perdagangan yang memfasilitasi perdagangan biodiesel.

Jalur perdagangan pertama yang menguatkan hubungan kerjasama perdagangan adalah dengan adanya pameran perdagangan. Pameran perdagangan memberikan wadah kepada eksportir biodiesel Indonesia. Pada pameran tersebut, eksportir dapat memperlihatkan produk biodieselnnya dan hal tersebut memberikan peluang bagi Indonesia. Peluang tersebut adalah memperlihatkan kualitas, daya saing, serta berkelanjutan dari biodiesel Indonesia. Sehingga hal tersebut dapat menjalankan hubungan perdagangan dan menarik minat pebisnis Tiongkok.

Kedua, ITPC Shanghai yang berada di KBRI Shanghai. Dengan lokasinya yang strategis, mampu memberikan peran penting dalam menerapkan kerjasama serta peluang pada sektor biodiesel Tiongkok. ITPC Shanghai memfasilitasi dialog, kunjungan serta pertemuan bisnis yang membuat eksportir biodiesel Indonesia mampu menggunakan kesempatan tersebut. ITPC Shanghai telah membuka jalan bagi eksportir Indonesia untuk mengeksplorasi pasar Tiongkok dengan lebih efektif.

Ketiga, KADIN Komite Tiongkok menjadi bagian KADIN yang khusus mengurus perdagangan dengan Tiongkok. KADIN Komite Tiongkok menguatkan perdagangan dengan menerapkan sebagai wadah bagi eksportir biodiesel. Hal tersebut memberikan interaksi secara non-negara dengan berkomunikasi dengan pebisnis Tiongkok. Melingkupi adanya

negosiasi perdagangan serta peluang untuk mendapatkan investasi luar negeri. KADIN Komite Tiongkok telah berkontribusi kepada perdagangan berkelanjutan atas hubungan biodiesel kedua negara tersebut.

Keempat, INACHAM memberikan peranan penting sebagai kamar dagang Indonesia yang berada di Tiongkok langsung. Hal ini memberikan keuntungan bagi eksportir akan pengetahuan pasar, bimbingan regulasi sert bea cukai dan fasilitas *networking* bisnis. Inisiatif tersebut yang membangun ekspor biodiesel Indonesia dalam menghadapi hambatan perdagangan, membangun kerjasama, serta mengambil peluang pada sektor biodiesel Tiongkok.

Kelima, adanya kerjasama multilateral seperti RCEP yang memberikan landasan yang kuat untuk perdagangan. Khususnya pada perdagangan biodiesel, memberikan kemudahan bagi kedua negara yang tidak hanya mengenai berdagang tetapi meraih keuntungan lebih dari hal tersebut. Kombinasi adanya pameran perdagangan, dukungan diplomatik, kolaborasi bisnis yang menjadikannya kuat.

Sektor energi Tiongkok ditandai dengan adanya permintaan yang terus meningkat, memberikan ketergantungan pada minyak. Adanya kesadaran untuk lebih ramah lingkungan serta berkelanjutan, maka Tiongkok memilih biodiesel dalam diversifikasi energi. Biodiesel sebagai solusi alternatif yang terbarukan dan ramah lingkungan sehingga dapat berjalan dengan komitmen Tiongkok. Komitmen Tiongkok dalam hal ini untuk mengurangi emisi serta menghindari dampak lingkungan.

Dalam mendukung perkembangan industri biodiesel Tiongkok, telah menerapkan kebijakan komprehensif mengenai biodiesel. Kebijakan ini memandatkan adanya minimal pencampuran biodiesel yang dapat digunakan. Selain itu kebijakan mempromosikan untuk melakukan produksi domestik walaupun bahan utama dari minyak goreng bekas. Hal ini yang

menjadikan Tiongkok sebagai pasar yang menjanjikan bagi Indonesia yang didorong dengan permintaan dan pembangunannya.

Indonesia sebagai salah satu produsen biodiesel terbesar, mendapatkan keuntungan dari kebijakan biodiesel Tiongkok. Sebagai pasar biodiesel yang berkembang, memberikan Indonesia kesempatan untuk mengekspor produk unggulannya. Hal tersebut yang membangun hubungan bilateral pada sektor energi. RCEP memberikan peranan penting dalam memfasilitasi perdagangan serta perjanjian ekonomi internasional. Kedua negara, Indonesia dan Tiongkok, merupakan anggota dari RCEP sehingga membuat perdagangan biodiesel dapat terjadi.

Perdagangan biodiesel menjadi sebuah kesempatan bagi kedua negara untuk menguatkan kembali hubungan ekonomi dengan saling memahami. Perkembangan perdagangan biodiesel Indonesia dan Tiongkok, menjadi pentingnya kerjasama internasional dalam mencapai energi alternatif yang bersih dan berkelanjutan. Kedua negara dapat berkontribusi kepada masa depan yang lebih hijau dan resilien pada energinya.

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