

BAB V

KESIMPULAN DAN SARAN

Kebijakan publik *Sunshine Policy* yang mulai diterbikan oleh Presiden Kim Dae-jung yang kemudian dilanjutkan oleh Roh Moo-hyun sampai kepada Moon Jae-in sayangnya dinilai tidak banyak membantu untuk mengubah cara pandang Korea Utara dalam melakukan reformasi ekonomi dasar, dan bahkan gagal mencegah Korea Utara untuk melakukan uji coba nuklir. Sederhananya, pendekatan yang dilakukan oleh Korea Selatan melalui *Sunshine Policy* tidak dapat mencapai tujuan yang diinginkan untuk mereformasi ekonomi, mengehentikan pengembangan nuklir Pyongyang, atau bahkan merestrukturisasi sistem politik Korea Utara.

Jika melihat dari analisis psikobiografi yang dilakukan terhadap Presiden Moon Jae-in ia bisa dikatakan sebagai seorang pemimpin yang kompeten, mempunyai tekad yang kuat, dan memiliki pandangan kedepan mengenai persatuan yang bisa dicapai oleh Korea Selatan dan Korea Utara melalui proses reunifikasi. Berdasarkan 5 aspek *big five personalities* Moon Jae-in merupakan individu yang cenderung berada pada empat aspek yaitu ***Extraversion* (bersosialisasi), *Openness to Experience* (keterbukaan terhadap pengalaman), *Agreeableness* (keyakinan dan rasa optimisme), serta *Conscientiousness* (pribadi yang ambisius dan disiplin)**, dan cenderung tidak berada pada aspek ***Neuroticism* (pribadi yang cemas)**. Kemudian pada model *Type of Leaderships* Moon Jae in termasuk presiden yang berada dalam kategori ***director* (sifat kebutuhan akan kekuasaan dan keterlibatan yang tinggi).**

Sementara dalam penyusunan kebijakan *Sunshine Policy* apabila berkaca dari keinginan Moon yang ingin menciptakan reunifikasi melalui kerja sama ekonomi dan dialog. Maka dari itu untuk mendukung hal tersebut ia mengisi posisi- posisi kunci dalam kabinet pemerintahannya dengan orang-orang yang datang dari latar belakang akademisi dan ekonom bukan dari kalangan militer, sebab Moon Jae-in melihat Korea Utara bukan sebagai anomali melainkan sebagai mitra yang bisa diajak untuk bekerja sama. Sehingga dalam pengimplementasiannya pada aspek penguatan terhadap ekonomi, melalui *sunshine policy* Moon Jae-in ingin mengaktifkan kembali KIC (*Kaesong Industrial Complex*) sebagai daerah pusat pengembangan ekonomi antara Korea Selatan dan Korea Utara. Untuk hal diplomasi selama menjadi Presiden Korea Selatan Moon Jae-in dan Kim Jong-un sudah melakukan 3 kali pertemuan untuk mendiskusikan rencana unifikasi negara mereka. Kemudian ia juga bertekad untuk mengurangi sebisa mungkin keterlibatan penggunaan militer dalam menangani isu yang melibatkan Korea Utara, karena menurutnya pendekatan dengan melibatkan militer dinilai radikal.

Namun sangat disayangkan dari segala upaya yang telah dibuat oleh Moon Jae-in reunifikasi antara Korea Selatan dan Korea Utara masih gagal untuk diwujudkan penulis menilai apabila Moon Jae-in terlalu naif dalam melihat kondisi pemerintahan Korea Utara yang ia nilai sudah “jinak”. Memang hal tersebut tidak dapat disalahkan karena ada alasan yang bisa dijelaskan mengapa Moon Jae-in memiliki pola pemikiran tersebut. Perlu diingat Moon Jae-in adalah seorang individu yang memiliki pemahaman dan pemikiran liberal, yang dimana bagi kaum liberal menilai pada dasarnya semua manusia itu baik dan perdamaian dapat tercipta

apabila adanya kerja sama ekonomi. Pemikiran seperti itulah yang ia coba terapkan ketika ia melihat dan berurusan dengan Korea Utara..

Dibalik itu semua Moon Jae-in terlihat memang ingin menunjukkan apabila dirinya bukan presiden Korea Selatan yang konservatif serta memiliki ambisi yang sangat besar dimana ia bersih keras untuk meyakinkan Amerika Serikat agar melihat Korea Utara sama dengan seperti apa yang ia lakukan. Namun demikian pada faktanya disaat Moon Jae-in sudah ingin mengedepankan terobosan dan pandangan yang tidak konservatif, justru Amerika Serikat lah yang pada posisi ini masih konservatif dimana mereka masih melihat Korea Utara sebagai anomali dan juga mewaspadai seluruh kegiatan aktivitas uji coba senjata nuklir yang mereka lakukan. Akibat dari ambisi Moon Jae-in tersebut hubungan antara Korea Selatan dan Amerika Serikat sempat mengalami ketegangan.

Saran yang bisa dimunculkan dalam penelitian ini adalah, dikarenakan penelitian ini membahas analisis psikologi Moon Jae-in dalam mewujudkan reunifikasi antara Korea Selatan dan Korea Utara melalui implementasi *Sunshine Policy*, sehingga ada baiknya juga dilakukan penelitian yang serupa terhadap pemimpin Korea Utara yaitu Kim Jong-un. Hal tersebut disebabkan oleh sempat adanya rasa keinginan dari seorang Kim Jong-un untuk merealisasikan reunifikasi dengan Korea Selatan. Sehingga akan menarik apabila penelitian selanjutnya meneliti bagaimana karakter psikologi dari seorang Kim Jong-un sehingga membuat dia sempat ingin melakukan reunifikasi bersama Moon Jae-in.

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