

## **CHAPTER V**

### **Conclusion**

The process of development for a country like Indonesia is a long and arduous one: there are many goals that need to be established to ensure all its people have a good quality of life. For Indonesia, goals like achieving gender equality as a part of the fulfillment of human rights and development has been a mainstay agenda for a very long time, but obstacles in its achievement remain. This includes gender-based violence, rooted in gender inequality that manifests itself in violent actions that take up many different forms—physical, sexual, and mental harm, amongst many more.

As the problem has been a long-standing issue in the country, the Government of Indonesia has enacted many responses aimed to prevent and mitigate the occurrence of gender-based violence as a direct inhibitor to gender equality. However, the advent of the COVID-19 Pandemic throughout 2020 until 2023 has brought new systemic challenges and dynamics that halt GBV's eradication. This exposed many gaps in the Indonesian Government's response towards GBV, and the multi-faceted nature of the problem has raised the urgency for a well-rounded and competent response through the support and assistance of an intergovernmental organization. For this, the United Nations Population Fund, as the forefront IGO addressing gender-based violence, partners with the Indonesian Government (namely the Ministry of Women's Empowerment and Child Protection, alongside the National Commission on Violence Against Women) in rounding out these responses in this new pandemic context.

However, this means that the UNFPA's impact on these government GBV policies during the pandemic era needs to be examined, and thus explained.

From this, the research question emerged: **How has the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) influenced the Ministry of Women's Empowerment and Child Protection (MOWECP) and the National Commission on Violence Against Women's (NCVAW) response regarding gender-based violence during the COVID-19 Pandemic (2020-2023)?**

Further expounded in the body of the research, Chapter II set out to contextualize gender-based violence in Indonesia during the COVID-19 Pandemic and the subsequent government response from the MOWECP and NCVAW. By dissecting the types and factors affecting and exacerbate GBV, it was found that the COVID-19 Pandemic dramatically shifted these dynamics and pointed to a need to adapt the Indonesian Government's response through the support of IGOs like the UNFPA. Chapter III then profiled the UNFPA as an intergovernmental organization, their global GBV programs, activities in Indonesia, and further examines their relationship with the MOWECP and the NCVAW respectively. The analysis showcases how tightly knit their consultative relationship is with the Indonesian Government—spreading international values and standards on quality GBV responses by covering gaps in institutional capacity-building for GBV programming, policies, data availability, and coordination.

The findings in Chapter II and III were then combined in Chapter IV to explain the impact and influence of the UNFPA towards the Indonesian Government's GBV

response, using the factors and parameters of an IGO's impact, as well as changes in the political relationship between the two entities, and awareness raised on the issue—asserted by Mingst and Schechter. The analysis considered the limits towards the UNFPA (by the COVID-19 Pandemic, role in the international regime, and organizational characteristics), and observed the organization's targets, directness, intentionality, and time dependency of their impact. The analysis found that the organization's current influence is advisory in nature—especially in seeing how the pandemic changed the subject matter of the UNFPA's assistance—to retain relevance as an IGO in the pandemic.

Taking these findings into consideration, the research question can be answered: **the UNFPA's influence over the Indonesian Government's gender-based violence response (via the MOWECP and the NCVAW) during the COVID-19 Pandemic (2020-2023) is advisory and consultative in nature, yet inherently limited by the circumstances of the pandemic alongside organizational characteristics within the international regime.**

The analysis finds that the UNFPA's influence over the MOWECP and NCVAW's gender-based violence response throughout the COVID-19 Pandemic maximizing their activities and expectations as an intergovernmental organization. Seeing the UNFPA's task in halting gender-based violence and their role as an intergovernmental organization, they are maximizing their sway through their continual activities and good partnerships with the MOWECP and the NCVAW. In this way, the Indonesian Government's continual implementation of the UNFPA's technical assistance for a

well-rounded and competent GBV response—as heralded by the organization—indicates the UNFPA is still working to spread internationally-held values in domestic responses to a problem. Their influence reinforces that the UNFPA is working to its fullest in its capacity as an IGO in supporting states on their GBV problem, and not as the main enactor of its subsequent responses in Indonesia. There is every indication for the UNFPA to remain as they are and provide consistency in their assistance to the Indonesian Government.

However, the UNFPA's influence and impact is also bounded by the systemic situation regarding the COVID-19 Pandemic on top of the GBV issue itself, thus limiting the organization's movement. The UNFPA's place as an intergovernmental organization means that their role as a norm-spreader and adviser for GBV programming was emphasized, rather than leveraging the Indonesian Government to respond in a more internationally-favorable way. Even though the UNFPA's activities with the MOWECP and the NCVAW vary respectively due to their different functions, the influence over the two as the Indonesian Government's specialized arms to deal with GBV is only felt to a certain extent. This also disproves the initial hypothesis—that the UNFPA's influence will vary depending on the governmental partner—for the lack of nuance. While the UNFPA's activities differ between the MOWECP and NCVAW as subjects of this research, it was seen that the influence they exert over these governmental partners remains advisory and consultative, yet unimposing—and it stays within these bounds.

Ultimately, the UNFPA's influence is highly geared towards advising Indonesia, as explained by their organizational functions, activities, and collaborations with the relevant governmental partners in the MOWECP and NCVAW. The UNFPA is not built to enforce a certain behavior or method or response towards GBV, but through their information-gathering and handling activities, it is shown that the MOWECP and NCVAW are able to contextualize international values on good GBV practices for domestic implementation.

Further insights obtained from this research include that the context and background of where gender-based violence occurs is a heavy-handed determinant in how a state can respond to this problem, as well as how far an IGO can support these efforts. The dynamics of government actors (in this case the MOWECP and the NCVAW) with IGOs like the UNFPA are also profound—even if the IGO's influence is limited. Their mutual interest in providing a holistic and competent response for national problems like gender-based violence are key in furthering and navigating development in a tumultuous period like the COVID-19 Pandemic. Furthermore, the research has underscored how the international regime places IGOs like the UNFPA as support for states—who remain the main actor with a right to determine their own policies in the liberal world system.

Lastly, some suggestions and recommendations can be offered from the pursuit of this research, and for further studies related to this topic. Firstly, research on gender-based violence in Indonesia and the response from governmental actors alongside intergovernmental ones will be more compelling if it were supported by interviews

with representatives from these various actors. Preparedness for this part of the research is key. Secondly, mind data availability regarding gender-based violence, especially as it is a systemically complex and underreported problem. Researching certain groups or demographics' experiences with gender-based violence might not have sufficient data to fully illustrate the problem—thus, an understanding of the social context and nuance is required when explaining underreported problems and its lacking data availability. Lastly, treatment of GBV data must be handled with sensitivity, respect, and empathy for survivors and vulnerable groups.

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Adkiras, Fadillah. "Konstruksi Hukum Perlindungan Korban Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online Menurut Hukum Hak Asasi Manusia." *Jurnal Lex Renaissance* 6, no. 2 (April 1, 2021). <https://doi.org/10.20885/jlr.vol6.iss2.art12>.
- Adkiras, Fadillah, Fatma Reza Zubarita, and Zihan Tasha Maharani Fauzi. "Konstruksi Pengaturan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online Di Indonesia." *Jurnal Lex Renaissance* 6, no. 4 (October 1, 2021). <https://doi.org/10.20885/jlr.vol6.iss4.art10>.
- Afrianty, Dina. "Menguatnya Konservatisme Memundurkan Reformasi Kebijakan Demi Kesetaraan Perempuan Di Indonesia." Edited by Agradhira Nandi Wardhana. *The Conversation*. The Conversation, August 14, 2020. <https://theconversation.com/menguatnya-konservatisme-memundurkan-reformasi-kebijakan-demi-kesetaraan-perempuan-di-indonesia-144505>.
- Andy Yentriyani. "Sambutan Ketua Komnas Perempuan Dalam Seminar Sehari Dan Koordinasi Nasional Program Kerjasama UNFPA Dengan Dukungan Pemerintah Jepang (5 Juli 2021)." Presented at the Seminar Sehari Dan Koordinasi Nasional Program Kerjasama UNFPA Dengan Dukungan Pemerintah Jepang, July 5, 2021. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/sambutan-ketua-detail/sambutan-ketua-komnas-perempuan-dalam-seminar-sehari-dan-koordinasi-nasional-program-kerjasama-unfpa-dengan-dukungan-pemerintah-jepang-5-juli-2021>.
- Armingeon, Klaus. "Intergovernmental Organizations." In *The Oxford Handbook of the Welfare State (2nd Edn)*, edited by Stephan Leibfried, Kimberly J. Morgan, Herbert Obinger, and Christopher Pierson, 417–32. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2021. <https://academic.oup.com/edited-volume/41629?login=false>.
- Asmarani, Devi. "Ending Rape Culture in Indonesia." *Magdalene.co*, May 27, 2016. <https://magdalene.co/story/ending-rape-culture-in-indonesia>.

- Baranes, Avraham Izhar, and Timothy Hazen. "Regional Intergovernmental Organization Response to COVID-19: The Impact of Neoliberalism on Bureaucratic Autonomy." *Review of Radical Political Economics* 54, no. 4 (September 2, 2022): 420–28. <https://doi.org/10.1177/04866134221114692>.
- Barter, Christine, and Sanna Koulu. "Special Issue: Digital Technologies and Gender-Based Violence – Mechanisms for Oppression, Activism and Recovery." *Journal of Gender-Based Violence* 5, no. 3 (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1332/239868021x16315286472556>.
- BBC News Indonesia. "Pasal Pemerkosaan Dan Aborsi Dihapus Di RUU TPKS, Muncul Ancaman 'Kriminalisasi Hingga Kematian' Korban Kekerasan Seksual." *BBC News Indonesia*, April 5, 2022. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/indonesia-60875819>.
- . "Pengaduan Perempuan Transgender Ke Komnas Perempuan: 'Tinggal Di Kos Sendiri Pun Diusir.'" *BBC News Indonesia*, November 24, 2018. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/indonesia-46320045>.
- . "RUU TPKS Disahkan Setelah Berbagai Penolakan Selama Enam Tahun, Apa Saja Poin Pentingnya?" *BBC News Indonesia*, April 12, 2022. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/indonesia-61077691>.
- Beydoun, Hind A., and May A. Beydoun. "Invited Commentary: Disclosure of Gender-Based Violence in Developing Countries." *American Journal of Epidemiology* 179, no. 5 (December 6, 2013): 613–18. <https://doi.org/10.1093/aje/kwt296>.
- Bradbury-Jones, Caroline, and Louise Isham. "The Pandemic Paradox: The Consequences of COVID-19 on Domestic Violence." *Journal of Clinical Nursing* 29, no. 13-14 (April 22, 2020): 2047–49. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jocn.15296>.
- Cameron, Deborah. *Feminism*. London: Profile Books, 2018.
- Casey, Erin, Juliana Carlson, Sierra Two Bulls, and Aurora Yager. "Gender Transformative Approaches to Engaging Men in Gender-Based Violence Prevention: A Review and Conceptual Model." *Trauma, Violence, & Abuse* 19,



- no. 2 (May 18, 2016): 231–46. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1524838016650191>.
- “Catatan Tahunan 2020 — Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan Meningkat: Kebijakan Penghapusan Kekerasan Seksual Menciptakan Ruang Aman Bagi Perempuan Dan Anak Perempuan.” *Perpustakaan Komnas Perempuan*. Jakarta: Komnas Perempuan, March 6, 2020. [https://perpustakaan.komnasperempuan.go.id/web/index.php?p=show\\_detail&id=4928](https://perpustakaan.komnasperempuan.go.id/web/index.php?p=show_detail&id=4928).
- “Catatan Tahunan 2021 — Perempuan Dalam Himpitan Pandemi: Lonjakan Kekerasan Seksual, Kekerasan Siber, Perkawinan Anak Dan Keterbatasan Penanganan Di Tengah COVID19.” *Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan*. Jakarta, Indonesia: Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan, March 5, 2021. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/uploadedFiles/1466.1614933645.pdf>.
- “Catatan Tahunan 2022 — Bayang-Bayang Stagnansi: Daya Pencegahan Dan Penanganan Berbanding Peningkatan Jumlah, Ragam Dan Kompleksitas Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Terhadap Perempuan.” *Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan*. Jakarta, Indonesia: Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan, March 8, 2022. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/catatan-tahunan-detail/catahu-2022-bayang-bayang-stagnansi-daya-pencegahan-dan-penanganan-berbanding-peningkatan-jumlah-ragam-dan-kompleksitas-kekerasan-berbasis-gender-terhadap-perempuan>.
- International Women’s Rights Action Watch (IVRAW) Asia-Pacific. “CEDAW Principles Overview.” IVRAW Asia-Pacific. Accessed March 21, 2023. <https://cedaw.iwraw-ap.org/cedaw/cedaw-principles/cedaw-principles-overview/#:~:text=The%20substance%20of%20the%20Convention>.
- “Chapter 6: The International and Regional Legal Framework.” In *UNHCR Handbook for the Protection of Women and Girls*., 350–51. UNHCR, n.d. <https://www.unhcr.org/media/unhcr-handbook-protection-women-and-girls->

chapter-6-international-and-regional-legal.

- Colombini, Manuela, Susannah H Mayhew, Ben Hawkins, Meera Bista, Sunil Kumar Joshi, Berit Schei, and Charlotte Watts. "Agenda Setting and Framing of Gender-Based Violence in Nepal: How It Became a Health Issue." *Health Policy and Planning* 31, no. 4 (September 26, 2015): 493–503. <https://doi.org/10.1093/heapol/czv091>.
- Cremers, Anouck Joëlle, and Mary Hadley. "Problem Framing of Increased Gender-Based Violence by National Governments of Argentina and Spain during COVID-19: An Interpretive Policy Analysis." *Journal of Gender-Based Violence* 6, no. 2 (2022). <https://doi.org/10.1332/239868021x16450964571869>.
- Creswell, John W, and J David Creswell. *Research Design : Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches*. 2014. Thousand Oaks, California: Sage, n.d.
- Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women (A/RES/48/104), United Nations § (1993). <https://documents-dds-ny.un.org/doc/UNDOC/GEN/N94/095/05/PDF/N9409505.pdf?OpenElement>.
- ASEAN. "Declaration on the Elimination of Violence against Women in the ASEAN Region, 30 June 2004, Jakarta, Indonesia," June 30, 2004. <https://asean.org/declaration-on-the-elimination-of-violence-against-women-in-the-asean-region-30-june-2004-jakarta-indonesia/>.
- Dewi Nurita. "UU TPKS Disahkan, Berikut Jenis Tindak Pidana Kekerasan Seksual Yang Diatur." *Tempo*. Tempo.co, April 13, 2022. <https://nasional.tempo.co/read/1581603/uu-tpks-disahkan-berikut-jenis-tindak-pidana-kekerasan-seksual-yang-diatur>.
- Djalal, Novita Maulidya, A. Nur Aliyah Fadhilah Usman, May Angriany Sudirman, Annisa Khairun Ummah, Chichi Salwa, and Dian Oktaviana Nasir. "Pengaruh Pemberian Informasi Terhadap Sikap Dan Pengetahuan Tentang Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online." *Jurnal Dedikasi* 23, no. 2 (2021). <https://doi.org/10.26858/dedikasi.v23i2.26721>.

- Dlamini, Judy. "Gender-Based Violence, Twin Pandemic to COVID-19." *Critical Sociology* 47, no. 4-5 (November 30, 2020): 089692052097546. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0896920520975465>.
- Ebert, Teresa L. "The 'Difference' of Postmodern Feminism." *College English* 53, no. 8 (December 1991): 886–904. <https://doi.org/10.2307/377692>.
- WomensLaw.org. "Emotional and Psychological Abuse." WomensLaw.org, September 8, 2021. <https://www.womenslaw.org/about-abuse/forms-abuse/emotional-and-psychological-abuse>.
- Enloe, Cynthia H. *Bananas, Beaches and Bases : Making Feminist Sense of International Politics*. Second Edition. 1990. Reprint, Berkeley: University of California Press, 2014.
- Farisa, Fitria Chusna. "Ragam Ancaman Pidana Di UU TPKS: Dari Pelecehan Seksual Nonfisik Sampai Pemaksaan Perkawinan." KOMPAS.com. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, April 13, 2022. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2022/04/13/20253571/ragam-ancaman-pidana-di-uu-tpks-dari-pelecehan-seksual-nonfisik-sampai>.
- Fauzia, Mutia. "Pejabat Yang Lakukan Kekerasan Seksual Terancam 12 Tahun Penjara Sesuai UU TPKS." Edited by Icha Rastika. *KOMPAS.com*, April 13, 2022. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2022/04/13/09305341/pejabat-yang-lakukan-kekerasan-seksual-terancam-12-tahun-penjara-sesuai-uu>.
- "Femicide: An Analysis of Online Coverage of Cases of Murdered Women in Indonesia in 2021." *Jakarta Feminist*. Jakarta: Perkumpulan Lintas Feminist Jakarta, November 2022. <https://jakartafeminist.com/portfolio/femicide-an-analysis-of-online-coverage-of-cases-of-murdered-women-in-indonesia-in-2021/>.
- Garcia-Moreno, Claudia, Alessandra Guedes, and Wendy Knerr. "Understanding and Addressing Violence against Women: Sexual Violence." Edited by Sarah Ramsay. *World Health Organization*. World Health Organization, 2012. [https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/77434/WHO\\_RHR\\_12.37\\_en](https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/77434/WHO_RHR_12.37_en)

g.pdf.

- Gerlach, Ricarda. "The Fight to Outlaw Sexual Violence in Indonesia." Inside Indonesia. Indonesian Resources and Information Program (IRIP), November 25, 2020. <https://www.insideindonesia.org/the-fight-to-outlaw-sexual-violence-in-indonesia>.
- Guritno, Tatang. "ICJR: UU ITE Tidak Melindungi Korban Kekerasan Berbasis Gender." Edited by Kristian Erdianto. KOMPAS.com. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, April 20, 2021. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2021/04/20/13574601/icjr-uu-ite-tidak-melindungi-korban-kekerasan-berbasis-gender>.
- Hajiji, Muhammad. "KPKPST-UNFPA Latih Pendamping Penanganan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender." Edited by Andi Jauhari. *Antara News*. March 18, 2019. <https://www.antaraneews.com/berita/811978/kpkpst-unfpa-latih-pendamping-penanganan-kekerasan-berbasis-gender#mobile-nav>.
- Halim, Daniel, England Rhys Can, and Elizaveta Perova. "What Factors Exacerbate and Mitigate the Risk of Gender-Based Violence during COVID-19?," December 2020. <http://hdl.handle.net/10986/35007>.
- Hayati, Nur. "MEDIA SOSIAL DAN KEKERASAN BERBASIS GENDER ONLINE SELAMA PANDEMI COVID-19." *HUMAYA: Jurnal Hukum, Humaniora, Masyarakat, Dan Budaya* 1, no. 1 (July 30, 2021): 43–52. <https://doi.org/10.33830/humaya.v1i1.1858.2021>.
- Hidayahtulloh, Muhammad Ammar. "Peran Penting Ulama Perempuan: Mendorong Transformasi Sosial Berkeadilan Gender Di Tengah Konservatisme Agama." *The Conversation*. November 30, 2022. <https://theconversation.com/peran-penting-ulama-perempuan-mendorong-transformasi-sosial-berkeadilan-gender-di-tengah-konservatisme-agama-195428>.
- hooks, bell. *Feminism Is for Everybody: Passionate Politics*. 2000. Reprint, New York: Routledge, 2000.
- International Labor Organization. "Indonesia - Law on the Elimination of Domestic

- Violence (Law No. 23/2004).” International Labor Organization. Accessed March 17, 2023. [https://www.ilo.org/dyn/natlex/natlex4.detail?p\\_lang=en&p\\_isn=91238](https://www.ilo.org/dyn/natlex/natlex4.detail?p_lang=en&p_isn=91238).
- Indonesian Judicial Research Society (IIRS), Asosiasi LBH APIK Indonesia, Perhimpunan Bantuan Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia Indonesia (PBHI), and Yayasan Lembaga Bantuan Hukum Indonesia (YLBHI). “Catatan Rekomendasi Kebijakan Berdasarkan Hasil Survei Kebutuhan Hukum Kelompok Rentan 2022.” *LBH APIK*. Jakarta: LBH APIK, 2022. <https://lbhapik.or.id/catatan-ringkas-rekomendasi-survei-kebutuhan-hukum-kelompok-rentan-2022/>.
- Istiadah, and Asni Furaida. “Government and Non-Governmental Organizations in Responses and Challenges on Gender-Based Violence during Covid-19 Pandemic in Indonesia.” Atlantis Press. Atlantis Press, April 22, 2021. <https://doi.org/10.2991/assehr.k.210421.046>.
- Istiadah, Rohmani Nur Indah, and Aprilia Mega Rosdiana. “Cultural Religious Challenges in Handling Sexual Violence Cases in Indonesian Islamic Institutions.” *KnE Social Sciences* 4, no. 10 (July 29, 2020). <https://doi.org/10.18502/kss.v4i10.7400>.
- Jakobsen, Hilde. “What’s Gendered about Gender-Based Violence?” *Gender & Society* 28, no. 4 (April 29, 2014): 537–61. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0891243214532311>.
- Joachim, Jutta M. *Agenda Setting, the UN, and NGOs: Gender Violence and Reproductive Rights*. JSTOR. Georgetown University Press, 2007. <https://www.jstor.org/stable/j.ctt2t5f5>.
- SIMFONI-PPA. “Jumlah Kasus Kekerasan per Tahun.” Kementerian Perlindungan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Accessed March 9, 2023. <https://kekerasan.kemenpppa.go.id/ringkasan>.
- Pusat Riset Masyarakat dan Budaya BRIN. “Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan Dan Budaya Patriarki Di Masyarakat Indonesia.” Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional,

September 29, 2022. <https://pmb.brin.go.id/kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan-dan-budaya-patriarki-di-masyarakat-indonesia/>.

Kementerian Komunikasi dan Informatika. “Angkatan Kerja Produktif Melimpah.” Kementerian Komunikasi dan Informatika, January 24, 2021. <https://www.kominfo.go.id/content/detail/33004/angkatan-kerja-produktif-melimpah/0/artikel>.

———. “Literasi Digital Masyarakat Indonesia Membaik.” Kementerian Komunikasi dan Informatika, January 26, 2022. <https://www.kominfo.go.id/content/detail/39858/literasi-digital-masyarakat-indonesia-membaik/0/artikel>.

Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. “Gambaran Umum Unit Kerja KemenPPPA Republik Indonesia.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, September 19, 2022. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/85/4117/gambaran-umum-unit-kerja-kementerian-pemberdayaan-perempuan-dan-perlindungan-anak>.

———. “Glosary Perlindungan Perempuan - P2TP2A.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Accessed March 31, 2023. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/glosary/21/P>.

———. “Informasi Kelembagaan KemenPPPA Republik Indonesia.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, September 19, 2022. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/85/4116/informasi-kelembagaan-kementerian-pemberdayaan-perempuan-dan-perlindungan-anak>.

———. “KemenPPPA Dorong UTPD Respon Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, June 23, 2022.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/3961/kemenpppa-dorong-uptd-respon-kekerasan-berbasis-gender-online>.

———. “KemenPPPA: Bergerak Bersama Hapuskan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Di Indonesia.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, December 12, 2022.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/4288/kemenpppa-bergerak-bersama-hapuskan-kekerasan-berbasis-gender-di-indonesia>.

———. “Komitmen Bersama Turunkan Angka Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan Dan Anak.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, September 14, 2022.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/4103/komitmen-bersama-turunkan-angka-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan-dan-anak>.

———. “Mengenal UTPD PPA.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, October 25, 2018.

<https://kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/112/1885/mengenal-uptd-ppa>.

———. “Peringati 16 Hari Anti-Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan (16 HAKTP), Menteri PPPA Ajak Masyarakat Melawan Dan Menolak Segala Bentuk Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, November 25, 2022.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/4246/peringati-16-hari-anti-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan-16-haktp-menteri-pppa-ajak-masyarakat-melawan-dan-menolak-segala-bentuk-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan>.

———. “Rilis Data SPHPN Tahun 2021, Menteri PPPA: Tidak Boleh Ada Satupun Perempuan Yang Alami Kekerasan.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, December 28, 2021.

<https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/3609/rilis-data-sphpn-tahun-2021-menteri-pppa-tidak-boleh-ada-satupun-perempuan-yang-alami-kekerasan>.

———. “SAPA 129, Wujud Kehadiran Negara Tangani Kasus Kekerasan Perempuan Dan Anak.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, December 11, 2021. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/read/29/3569/sapa-129-wujud-kehadiran-negara-tangani-kasus-kekerasan-perempuan-dan-anak>.

———. “Sejarah KemenPPPA Republik Indonesia.” Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, May 14, 2020. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/index.php/page/view/3>.

Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, Komnas Perempuan, and Forum Pengada Layanan (FPL). “Gerak Bersama Dalam Data Laporan Sinergi Database Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan.” Jakarta: KemenPPPA, Komnas Perempuan, FPL, December 28, 2021. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/1506d-naskah-lap-sinergi-database-periode-1.pdf>.

Kementerian PPN/Bappenas. “Bappenas Sampaikan Apresiasi Kerjasama UNFPA Dan Pemerintah Jepang Dalam Perlindungan Masyarakat Rentan | Kementerian PPN/Bappenas.” Kementerian PPN/Bappenas. Kementerian PPN/Bappenas, October 4, 2022. <https://www.bappenas.go.id/id/berita/bappenas-sampaikan-apresiasi-kerjasama-unfpa-dan-pemerintah-jepang-dalam-perlindungan-masyarakat-rentan-FaWM1>.

———. “Indonesia-UNFPA-Jepang Dukung Program Pembangunan Berkelanjutan Dan Kesetaraan Gender Di Indonesia | Kementerian PPN/Bappenas.” Kementerian PPN/Bappenas. Kementerian PPN/Bappenas, June 3, 2021. <https://www.bappenas.go.id/id/berita/indonesia-unfpa-jepang-dukung-program-pembangunan-berkelanjutan-dan-kesetaraan-gender-di-indonesia>.



- Keohane, Robert O. *International Institutions and State Power: Essays in International Relations Theory*. 2018. Reprint, New York: Routledge, 1989.
- . “Twenty Years of Institutional Liberalism.” *International Relations* 26, no. 2 (June 2012): 125–38. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0047117812438451>.
- Komnas Perempuan. “Fourth Universal Periodic Review of Indonesia 14th Session November 2022.” *Komnas Perempuan*. Jakarta: Komnas Perempuan, 2022. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/laporan-internasional-detail/fourth-universal-periodic-review-of-indonesia-14th-session-november-2022>.
- . “Instrumen Modul & Referensi Pemantauan - Pedoman Pengujian Kebijakan Konstitusional: Untuk Pemenuhan Hak Konstitusional Dan Penghapusan Diskriminasi Terhadap Perempuan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, 2016. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/instrumen-modul-referensi-pemantauan-detail/pedoman-pengujian-kebijakan-konstitusional-untuk-pemenuhan-hak-konstitusional-dan-penghapusan-diskriminasi-terhadap-perempuan>.
- . “Kabar Perempuan - Diskusi Publik Peran Dan Kontribusi Negara Serta Masyarakat Dalam Penanganan COVID-19 Bagi Kelompok Rentan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, May 27, 2022. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/kabar-perempuan-detail/diskusi-publik-peran-dan-kontribusi-negara-serta-masyarakat-dalam-penanganan-covid-19-bagi-kelompok-rentan>.
- . “Kabar Perempuan - Empat Lembaga HAM Bahas Isu Strategis Dan Perkuat Jalur Koordinasi Untuk Upaya Penegakan HAM.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, February 3, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/kabar-perempuan-detail/empat-lembaga-ham-bahas-isu-strategis-dan-perkuat-jalur-koordinasi-untuk-upaya-penegakan-ham>.
- . “Kabar Perempuan - Komnas Perempuan Dan OHCHR Bahas Isu Diskriminasi Dan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, March 15, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/kabar->

perempuan-detail/komnas-perempuan-dan-ohchr-bahas-isu-diskriminasi-dan-kekerasan-berbasis-gender.

- . “Kabar Perempuan - Rapat Koordinasi Komnas Perempuan Dan UNFPA Indonesia.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, April 12, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/kabar-perempuan-detail/rapat-koordinasi-komnas-perempuan-dan-unfpa-indonesia>.
- . “Kampanye 16 Hari Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, 2021. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/kampanye-detail/16-hari-anti-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan>.
- . “Lembar Fakta Catatan Tahunan Komnas Perempuan 2023.” *Komnas Perempuan*. Jakarta : Komnas Perempuan, March 7, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/download-file/949>.
- . “Lembar Fakta Dan Poin Kunci Catatan Tahunan Komnas Perempuan Tahun 2019.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, March 6, 2019. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/catatan-tahunan-detail/lembar-fakta-dan-poin-kunci-catatan-tahunan-komnas-perempuan-tahun-2019>.
- . “Menemukenali Kekerasan Dalam Rumah Tangga (KDRT).” Komnas Perempuan. Accessed March 26, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/instrumen-modul-referensi-pemantauan-detail/menemukenali-kekerasan-dalam-rumah-tangga-kdrt>.
- . “Pernyataan Sikap Komnas Perempuan Terhadap Pengesahan Rancangan Undang-Undang Kitab Undang-Undang Hukum Pidana (RKUHP).” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, December 9, 2022. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/pernyataan-sikap-detail/pernyataan-sikap-komnas-perempuan-terhadap-pengesahan-rancangan-undang-undang-kitab-undang-undang-hukum-pidana-rkuhp#:~:text=Pasal%20454%20KUHP%20melarang%20membawa>.
- . “Pernyataan Sikap Komnas Perempuan Terhadap Pengesahan Rancangan

- Undang-Undang Kitab Undang-Undang Hukum Pidana (RKUHP).” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, December 9, 2022. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/pernyataan-sikap-detail/pernyataan-sikap-komnas-perempuan-terhadap-pengesahan-rancangan-undang-undang-kitab-undang-undang-hukum-pidana-rkuhp>.
- . “Rencana Strategis Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, May 13, 2020. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/renstra-isu-prioritas>.
- . “Sejarah Komnas Perempuan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan. Accessed March 29, 2023. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/sejarah>.
- . “Siaran Pers Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan Dan Perlindungan Anak, Komisi Nasional Anti Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan, Dan Forum Pengada Layanan ‘Gerak Bersama Dalam Data: Laporan Sinergi Database Kekerasan Terhadap Perempuan Tiga Lembaga.’” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, December 28, 2021. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/siaran-pers-detail/siaran-pers-kementerian-pemberdayaan-perempuan-dan-perlindungan-anak-komisi-nasional-anti-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan-dan-forum-pengada-layanan-gerak-bersama-dalam-data-laporan-sinergi-database-kekerasan-terhadap-perempuan-tiga-lembaga-28-desember-2021>.
- . “Siaran Pers Komnas Perempuan Penyikapan Pada Usulan Revisi UU ITE.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, March 10, 2021. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/siaran-pers-detail/siaran-pers-komnas-perempuan-penyikapan-pada-usulan-revisi-uu-ite-10-maret-2021>.
- . “Siaran Pers Komnas Perempuan Tentang Kekerasan Terhadap Transpuan.” Komnas Perempuan. Komnas Perempuan, May 6, 2020. <https://komnasperempuan.go.id/siaran-pers-detail/siaran-pers-komnas-perempuan-tentang-kekerasan-terhadap-transpuan-jakarta-6-mei-2020>.
- M., Andi Anas Chaerul. “Pelayanan Publik Di Era New Normal.” Ombudsman Republik Indonesia. Ombudsman Republik Indonesia, May 25, 2020.

<https://ombudsman.go.id/pengumuman/r/artikel--pelayanan-publik-di-era-new-normal>.

- Maharani, Tsarina. “Sepanjang 2004-2021, Komnas Perempuan Catat 544.452 Kekerasan Dalam Rumah Tangga Halaman All.” Edited by Bayu Galih. KOMPAS.com. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, September 28, 2021. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2021/09/28/10181941/sepanjang-2004-2021-komnas-perempuan-catat-544452-kekerasan-dalam-rumah?page=all>.
- Maulida, Fayola. “Menghapus Stigma Korban Kekerasan Seksual.” Edited by Mellysa Anastasya and Faye Simanjuntak. Rumah Faye. Rumah Faye, October 23, 2020. <https://rumahfaye.or.id/menghapus-stigma-korban-kekerasan-seksual/>.
- Mingst, Karen, and Michael G. Schechter. “Assessing Intergovernmental Impact: Problems and Prospects.” *Review of International Studies* 11, no. 3 (July 1, 1985): 199–206. <https://doi.org/10.1017/s0260210500114433>.
- Mittal, Shalini, and Tushar Singh. “Gender-Based Violence during COVID-19 Pandemic: A Mini-Review.” *Frontiers in Global Women’s Health* 1, no. 4 (September 8, 2020). <https://doi.org/10.3389/fgwh.2020.00004>.
- Nurherwati, Sri, Ellen Kusuma, Kharisanty Sofie, Ade Wahyudin, Muhamad Daerobi, and Mona Ervita. “Kajian Dampak UU ITE Terhadap Perempuan Korban Kekerasan: Analisis Dampak Pasal 27 Ayat (1) Dan (3) Jo. Pasal 45 UU ITE.” *LBH APIK*. Jakarta: LBH APIK, December 5, 2022. <https://www.lbhapik.org/2022/12/kajian-dampak-uu-ite-terhadap-perempuan.html>.
- Oxfam International. “Ten Harmful Beliefs That Perpetuate Violence against Women and Girls | Oxfam International.” Oxfam International, November 26, 2019. <https://www.oxfam.org/en/ten-harmful-beliefs-perpetuate-violence-against-women-and-girls>.
- Paechter, Carrie. “Masculine Femininities/Feminine Masculinities: Power, Identities and Gender.” *Gender and Education* 18, no. 3 (May 2006): 253–63. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09540250600667785>.

- liputan6.com. "Pendidikan Seksual Masih Dianggap Tabu, Ini Cara BKKBN Tekan Angka Perkawinan Anak," February 17, 2021. <https://www.liputan6.com/health/read/4485688/pendidikan-seksual-masih-dianggap-tabu-ini-cara-bkkbn-tekan-angka-perkawinan-anak>.
- Peretz, Tal, and Chris M. Vidmar. "Men, Masculinities, and Gender-Based Violence: The Broadening Scope of Recent Research." *Sociology Compass* 15, no. 3 (February 19, 2021). <https://doi.org/10.1111/soc4.12861>.
- Phelan, Alexandra, Jacqui True, Irine Hiraswari Gayatri, and Amporn Marddent. "Analisis Gender Tentang Ekstremisme Kekerasan Dan Dampak COVID-19 Terhadap Perdamaian Dan Keamanan Di ASEAN." Monash University, June 23, 2022. [https://bridges.monash.edu/articles/report/Gender\\_Analysis\\_of\\_Violent\\_Extremism\\_and\\_the\\_Impact\\_of\\_COVID-19\\_on\\_Peace\\_and\\_Security\\_in\\_ASEAN\\_Evidence-based\\_research\\_for\\_policy\\_Indonesian\\_/20129756](https://bridges.monash.edu/articles/report/Gender_Analysis_of_Violent_Extremism_and_the_Impact_of_COVID-19_on_Peace_and_Security_in_ASEAN_Evidence-based_research_for_policy_Indonesian_/20129756).
- "Policy Brief - Violence against Women: Domestic Violence and Human Trafficking." *Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan Dan Perlindungan Anak*. Jakarta: Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, 2011. <https://www.kemenpppa.go.id/lib/uploads/list/686c7-ac5ea-8.-violence-against-women.pdf>.
- Purnama, Feri. "UNFPA Beri Bantuan Tenda Kespro Untuk Siaga Bencana Di Garut-Jabar." Edited by Andi Jauhary. Antara News. Antara News, December 5, 2021. <https://www.antaraneews.com/berita/2566117/unfpa-beri-bantuan-tenda-kespro-untuk-siaga-bencana-di-garut-jabar>.
- RAINN. "Types of Sexual Violence." RAINN.org. RAINN. Accessed March 16, 2023. <https://www.rainn.org/types-sexual-violence>.
- Ratnasari, Eny, Suwandi Sumartias, and Rosnandar Romli. "Social Media, Digital Activism, and Online Gender-Based Violence in Indonesia." *Nyimak: Journal of Communication* 5, no. 1 (March 14, 2021): 97.

- <https://doi.org/10.31000/nyimak.v5i1.3218>.
- “Research Report: Gender-Based Violence in Indonesia during the COVID-19 Pandemic.” *Jakarta Feminist*. Jakarta: Perkumpulan Lintas Feminist Jakarta, February 2021. <https://jakartafeminist.com/portfolio/gbv-covid19/>.
- Robinson, Rachel Sullivan. “UNFPA in Context: An Institutional History - Background Paper Prepared for the Center for Global Development Working Group on UNFPA’s Leaderships Transition.” Washington, D.C.: Center for Global Development, October 2010. <https://www.cgdev.org/sites/default/files/archive/doc/UNFPA-in-Context.pdf>.
- Russo, Nancy F., and Angela Pirlott. “Gender-Based Violence: Concepts, Methods, and Findings.” *Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences* 1087, no. 1 (November 1, 2006): 178–205. <https://doi.org/10.1196/annals.1385.024>.
- Sakina, Ade Irma, and Dessy Hasanah Siti A. “MENYOROTI BUDAYA PATRIARKI DI INDONESIA.” *Share : Social Work Journal* 7, no. 1 (July 30, 2017): 71. <https://doi.org/10.24198/share.v7i1.13820>.
- Salam, Hidayat. “Narasi Paham Konservatif Di Media Sosial Pengaruhi Sikap Keagamaan.” *kompas.id*. PT. Kompas Media Nusantara, January 1, 2023. <https://www.kompas.id/baca/humaniora/2022/12/31/pengaruhi-sikap-keagamaan-akibat-narasi-paham-konservatif-dominasi-di-media-sosial>.
- Sanusi, Tife. “Online Gender-Based Violence: What You Need to Know.” *Global Citizen*, November 17, 2021. <https://www.globalcitizen.org/en/content/what-is-online-gender-based-violence-2/>.
- Sari, Haryanti Puspa. “LBH Apik: KDRT Dan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online Meningkat Sejak Pandemi.” Edited by Dani Prabowo. *KOMPAS.com*. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, March 11, 2021. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2021/03/11/15344061/lbh-apik-kdrt-dan-kekerasan-berbasis-gender-online-meningkat-sejak-pandemi>.
- Sen, Anjali, and Jamshed M. Kazi. “Will We Ever End Violence against Women?” *The Jakarta Post*. PT Bina Media Tenggara, October 7, 2020.

<https://www.thejakartapost.com/academia/2020/10/07/will-we-ever-end-violence-against-women.html>.

Sharma, Vandana, Emily Ausubel, Christine Heckman, Erin Patrick, Dimple Save, and Jocelyn T D Kelly. "Mitigating Gender-Based Violence Risk in the Context of COVID-19: Lessons from Humanitarian Crises." *BMJ Global Health* 6, no. 3 (March 2021): e005448. <https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjgh-2021-005448>.

Shelton, Jama, Kel Kroehle, Emilie K. Clark, Kristie Seelman, and SJ Dodd. "Digital Technologies and the Violent Surveillance of Nonbinary Gender." *Journal of Gender-Based Violence* 5, no. 3 (2021). <https://doi.org/10.1332/239868021x16153783053180>.

Shepherd, Laura J. *Gender Matters in Global Politics : A Feminist Introduction to International Relations*. New York: Routledge, 2015.

UNFPA Indonesia. "SIARAN PERS - Tim PBB Di Indonesia Menyambut Baik Pengesahan Rancangan Undang-Undang Tindak Pidana Kekerasan Seksual (RUU TPKS) Oleh DPR RI," April 13, 2022. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/news/siaran-pers-tim-pbb-di-indonesia-menyambut-baik-pengesahan-rancangan-undang-undang-tindak>.

United Nations Treaty Collection. "Status on Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women." United Nations. Accessed March 21, 2023. [https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetails.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg\\_no=IV-8&chapter=4&clang=\\_en#EndDec](https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetails.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg_no=IV-8&chapter=4&clang=_en#EndDec).

Suparman, Nanang. "Strategic Priorities and Accountability for Allocating the State Budget amid Covid-19 Pandemic in Indonesia." *Jurnal Perspektif Pembiayaan Dan Pembangunan Daerah* 9, no. 1 (April 30, 2021): 61–72. <https://doi.org/10.22437/ppd.v9i1.11640>.

UNFPA. "Technology-Facilitated Gender-Based Violence: A Growing Threat." UNFPA. Accessed March 19, 2023. <https://www.unfpa.org/TFGBV>.

Tickner, J. Ann, and Laura Sjoberg. "Feminism." In *International Relations Theories:*

*Discipline and Diversity*, 205–19. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007.

Ulybina, Olga, Laia Pi Ferrer, and Pertti Alasuutari. “Intergovernmental Organizations in the Face of the Covid-19 Pandemic: Organizational Behaviour in Crises and under Uncertainty.” *International Sociology* 37, no. 4 (June 25, 2022): 415–38. <https://doi.org/10.1177/02685809221094687>.

The Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights. “UN Expert Calls for a Holistic, Non-Binary Approach to Violence.” The Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, June 20, 2022. <https://www.ohchr.org/en/press-releases/2022/06/un-expert-calls-holistic-non-binary-approach-violence>.

UN Women. “Frequently Asked Questions: Types of Violence against Women and Girls.” UN Women. UN Women. Accessed September 24AD. <https://www.unwomen.org/en/what-we-do/ending-violence-against-women/faqs/types-of-violence>.

UN Women Indonesia, and UNFPA Indonesia. “Integrasi Pencegahan Dan Penanganan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Dalam Situasi Bencana.” Edited by Elisabeth Sibutar, Megumi Uchino, and Loly Fitri. *UN Women Indonesia*. Jakarta: UN Women Indonesia, October 2021. <https://wrd.unwomen.org/sites/default/files/2022-01/Integrasi%20Pencegahan%20dan%20Penanganan%20KKBG%20dalam%20Situasi%20Bencana.pdf>.

Undang-undang (UU) tentang Pengesahan Konvensi Mengenai Penghapusan Segala Bentuk Diskriminasi Terhadap Wanita (Convention on The Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women) (1984). <https://peraturan.bpk.go.id/Home/Details/46978/uu-no-7-tahun-1984>.

UNFPA. “Essential Services Package for Women and Girls Subject to Violence - Module 1: Overview and Introduction.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, December 30, 2015. <https://www.unfpa.org/essential-services-package-women-and-girls-subject-violence>.



- . “About Us.” UNFPA. UNFPA, 2018. <https://www.unfpa.org/about-us>.
- . “About Us - UNFPA.” UNFPA. UNFPA, January 2018. <https://www.unfpa.org/about-us>.
- . “Addressing Gender-Based Violence across Contexts: Gender-Based Violence Interagency Minimum Standards and the Essential Services Package for Women and Girls Subject to Violence.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, November 9, 2022. <https://www.unfpa.org/publications/addressing-gender-based-violence-across-contexts-gender-based-violence-interagency>.
- . “Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Pandemic: UNFPA Global Response Plan.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, June 2020. [https://www.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/resource-pdf/UNFPA\\_Global\\_Response\\_Plan\\_Revised\\_June\\_2020\\_.pdf](https://www.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/resource-pdf/UNFPA_Global_Response_Plan_Revised_June_2020_.pdf).
- . “COVID-19: A Gender Lens.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, March 2020. <https://www.unfpa.org/resources/covid-19-gender-lens>.
- . “Engaging Men and Boys: A Brief Summary of UNFPA Experience and Lessons Learned.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, 2013. <https://www.unfpa.org/resources/engaging-men-and-boys-brief-summary-unfpa-experience-and-lessons-learned>.
- . “Frequently Asked Questions - UNFPA.” UNFPA. UNFPA, 2010. <https://www.unfpa.org/frequently-asked-questions>.
- . “Gender-Based Violence.” UNFPA. UNFPA. Accessed April 3, 2023. <https://www.unfpa.org/gender-based-violence#summery140346>.
- . “Getting to Zero: Mapping UNFPA Leadership on Ending Gender-Based Violence.” *UNFPA*. UNFPA, November 1, 2021. <https://www.unfpa.org/publications/getting-to-zero>.
- . “Protection from Sexual Exploitation, Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment.” UNFPA. UNFPA. Accessed March 18, 2023. <https://www.unfpa.org/protection-sexual-exploitation-sexual-abuse-and-sexual-harassment>.

- . “The Inter-Agency Minimum Standards for Gender-Based Violence in Emergencies Programming.” UNFPA, 2019. <https://www.unfpa.org/minimum-standards>.
- . “UNFPA 16 Days of Activism against Gender-Based Violence: GBV Disruptor Conversations 2022.” UNFPA. UNFPA, November 25, 2022. <https://www.unfpa.org/events/unfpa-16-days-activism-against-gender-based-violence-gbv-disruptor-conversations-2022>.
- . “UNFPA in the UN System.” UNFPA. UNFPA. Accessed April 6, 2023. <https://www.unfpa.org/unfpa-un-system>.
- . “Worldwide.” UNFPA. UNFPA. Accessed April 2, 2023. <https://www.unfpa.org/worldwide>.
- UNFPA Asia-Pacific, Chantelle McCabe, Gunilla Backman, and Kamma Blair. “State Obligations Regarding Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights and Gender-Based Violence Response during the COVID-19 Pandemic: Reflections and Lessons Learned.” *UNFPA Asia-Pacific*. UNFPA Asia-Pacific, February 2023. [https://asiapacific.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/state\\_obligations\\_regarding\\_srh\\_r\\_gbv\\_response\\_during\\_the\\_covid-19\\_pandemic.pdf](https://asiapacific.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/state_obligations_regarding_srh_r_gbv_response_during_the_covid-19_pandemic.pdf).
- UNFPA Indonesia. “About Us.” UNFPA Indonesia, July 7, 2017. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/node/25335/>.
- . “Leaving No One Behind: Inspiring Stories; Appreciation, Innovation, and Transformation.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, February 2023. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/leaving-no-one-behind-inspiring-stories-appreciation-innovation-and-transformation>.
- . “Men’s Engagement in UNFPA Indonesia Programming Strengthening Understanding, Capacity and Policy to Transform Inequitable and Unhealthy Gender Attitudes and Norms.” UNFPA Indonesia: UNFPA Indonesia, 2015. [https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/BOOKLET\\_Male\\_Involvement\\_04.pdf](https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/BOOKLET_Male_Involvement_04.pdf).

- . “Pencegahan Dan Penanganan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender (KBG) Dalam Situasi Bencana: Respon Kemanusiaan UNFPA Di Sulawesi Tengah.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, 2019. [https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/FINAL%20UNFPA%20GBViE%20Sulteng\\_es%20%281%29.pdf](https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/FINAL%20UNFPA%20GBViE%20Sulteng_es%20%281%29.pdf).
- . “Prevention of Gender-Based Violence.” UNFPA Indonesia. UNFPA Indonesia, October 27, 2017. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/topics/prevention-gender-based-violence>.
- . “The Operational Guideline on the Implementation of The Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) for Reproductive Health in Health Crisis.” Edited by Kementerian Kesehatan. *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, October 2017. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/FINAL%20MISP%20Guideline%20-%20English.pdf>.
- . “UNFPA Indonesia Annual Report 2021.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta, Indonesia: UNFPA Indonesia, August 2022. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/unfpa-indonesia-annual-report-2021>.
- . “UNFPA Indonesia COVID-19 Response Situational Report - November-December 2020.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, December 2020. [https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/unfpa\\_indonesia\\_covid-19\\_response\\_november-december\\_2020\\_2.pdf](https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/unfpa_indonesia_covid-19_response_november-december_2020_2.pdf).
- . “UNFPA Indonesia Programme Updates - May-June 2021.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. UNFPA Indonesia: UNFPA Indonesia, June 30, 2021. [https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/may\\_-june\\_2021\\_unfpa\\_indonesia\\_programme\\_updates\\_1.pdf](https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/may_-june_2021_unfpa_indonesia_programme_updates_1.pdf).
- . “UNFPA Indonesia’s Sexual and Reproductive Health and Gender-Based Violence Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic 2020-2021.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. UNFPA Indonesia, March 2022. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/unfpa-indonesias-sexual-and->

reproductive-health-and-gender-based-violence-response.

UNFPA Indonesia, and Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak. “Pedoman Perlindungan Hak Perempuan Dan Anak Dari Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Dalam Bencana.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, September 2018.

<https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/pedoman-perlindungan-hak-perempuan-dan-anak-dari-kekerasan-berbasis-gender-dalam>.

UNFPA Indonesia, Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, and Kementerian PPN/Bappenas. “Dampak Pandemi COVID-19 Terhadap Penanganan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Di Jakarta Dan Sekitarnya.” Kementerian PPN/Bappenas: Kementerian PPN/Bappenas, 2020.

UNFPA Indonesia, Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak, and UN Women Indonesia. “Panduan Perlindungan Hak Perempuan Dari Diskriminasi Dan Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Dalam Situasi Pandemi.” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia, December 2020. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/panduan-perlindungan-hak-perempuan-dari-diskriminasi-dan-kekerasan-berbasis-gender>.

UNFPA Indonesia, and Kementerian PPN/Bappenas. “Pedoman Umum Pelaksanaan Program Kerja Sama Pemerintah RI - UNFPA Siklus 9 (2016-2020).” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia-Bappenas, March 29, 2016. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/sites/default/files/pub-pdf/FINAL%20UNFPA%20PEDUM%20IDN.pdf>.

———. “Pedoman Umum Pelaksanaan Program Kerja Sama Pemerintah RI-UNFPA Siklus 10 (2021-2025).” *UNFPA Indonesia*. Jakarta: UNFPA Indonesia-Bappenas, November 2021. <https://indonesia.unfpa.org/en/publications/pedoman-umum-pelaksanaan-program-kerja-sama-pemerintah-ri-unfpa-siklus-10-2021-2025>.

UNICEF Indonesia. “COVID-19 Dan Anak-Anak Di Indonesia: Agenda Tindakan Untuk Mengatasi Tantangan Sosial Ekonomi.” *UNICEF Indonesia*. Jakarta:

- UNICEF Indonesia, May 11, 2020. <https://www.unicef.org/indonesia/id/laporan/covid-19-dan-anak-anak-di-indonesia>.
- United Nations. “Gender Equality and Women’s Empowerment.” United Nations Sustainable Development. United Nations, 2021. <https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/gender-equality/>.
- . “What Is Domestic Abuse?” United Nations. United Nations. Accessed March 15, 2023. <https://www.un.org/en/coronavirus/what-is-domestic-abuse>.
- “Violence against Women Prevalence Estimates, 2018: Global, Regional and National Prevalence Estimates for Intimate Partner Violence against Women and Global and Regional Prevalence Estimates for Non-Partner Sexual Violence against Women.” *World Health Organization*. Geneva: World Health Organization, March 9AD. <https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/9789240022256>.
- Wahyu, Anggun. “Percepatan Penyusunan Aturan Turunan UU TPKS | Kementerian Koordinator Bidang Pembangunan Manusia Dan Kebudayaan.” Kementerian Koordinator Bidang Pembangunan Manusia dan Kebudayaan, June 16, 2022. <https://www.kemenkopmk.go.id/percepatan-penyusunan-aturan-turunan-uu-tpks#:~:text=Kemenko%20PMK%20%E2%80%93%20Lahirnya%20UU%20No.>
- Surviving Economic Abuse. “What Is Economic Abuse?” Surviving Economic Abuse. Accessed March 14, 2023. <https://survivingeconomicabuse.org/what-is-economic-abuse/>.
- Wiryo, Singgih. “Komnas Perempuan: Istri Ferdy Sambo Tak Laporkan Dugaan Kekerasan Seksual Karena Malu Dan Takut.” Edited by Fitria Chusna Farisa. KOMPAS.com. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, September 1, 2022. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2022/09/01/17434761/komnas-perempuan-istri-ferdy-sambo-tak-laporkan-dugaan-kekerasan-seksual>.
- “Women’s Rights Online Report Card - Indonesia.” *World Wide Web Foundation*. World Wide Web Foundation, 2016.

[http://webfoundation.org/docs/2016/09/WF\\_GR\\_Indonesia.pdf](http://webfoundation.org/docs/2016/09/WF_GR_Indonesia.pdf).

World Bank. "Education as a Vehicle to End Violence against Women." World Bank. World Bank, December 2, 2015. <https://blogs.worldbank.org/voices/education-vehicle-end-violence-against-women>.

Yahya, Achmad Nasrudin. "Kepada Tim Kajian, Komnas Perempuan Sebut UU ITE Diskriminatif." Edited by Bayu Galih. KOMPAS.com. PT. Kompas Cyber Media, March 18, 2021. <https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2021/03/18/09334001/kepada-tim-kajian-komnas-perempuan-sebut-uu-ite-diskriminatif>.

Yayasan Kesehatan Perempuan. "Meningkatnya Kekerasan Berbasis Gender Online Setelah Satu Tahun Pandemi Di Indonesia – Yayasan Kesehatan Perempuan." Yayasan Kesehatan Perempuan. Yayasan Kesehatan Perempuan, 2021. <https://ykp.or.id/meningkatnya-kekerasan-basis-gender-online-setelah-satu-tahun-pandemi-di-indonesia/>.

Yayasan Pulih. "Memahami Kekerasan Berbasis Gender." Yayasan Pulih. Yayasan Pulih, February 10, 2021. <https://yayasanpulih.org/2021/02/memahami-kekerasan-berbasis-gender/>.