

## **BAB V**

### **KESIMPULAN**

#### **5.1 Kesimpulan**

Terdapat beberapa kesimpulan yang dapat diambil dari keseluruhan penelitian ini. Untuk menjawab pertanyaan “**Bagaimana peran *Kailash Satyarthi Children’s Foundation* dalam Mengatasi Dampak dari Pertambangan Mica Ilegal Pada Pekerja Anak di India?**” Dengan menggunakan konsep NGO dari David Lewis dan Nazneen Kanji, penelitian ini mengelompokkan adanya implementasi dari peran-peran yang dilakukan oleh KSCF melalui *Bal Mitra Gram*.

Pertama, dalam menjalankan peran sebagai *implementer*, KSCF berfokus pada pemindahan sumber daya untuk menyediakan barang dan jasa terhadap orang yang membutuhkan. Dalam implementasinya, KSCF membangun Bal Panchayat atau *Children Village Council*. Di dalam Bal Panchayat, anak-anak berlatih untuk menyampaikan pandangan mereka mengenai isu yang berdampak pada kehidupan sehari-hari mereka. Dampak yang dirasakan adalah menjadikan anak-anak di desa teredukasi dan memahami hak mereka.

Kedua, dalam menjalankan peran sebagai katalis yang diartikan sebagai agen pembawa perubahan, KSCF menghadirkan Yuva Mandal dan Mahila Mandal. Yuva Mandal berupaya merubah pola pikir anak-anak pekerja tambang mica serta membantu mereka dalam mengubah nasib mereka. Sedangkan Mahila

Mandal mengedukasi kaum perempuan mengenai haknya sebagai manusia agar tidak tertindas dalam pola pikir yang patriarkis.

Ketiga, pengimplementasian peran *partnership* oleh KSCF berkaitan dengan beberapa pihak. Pihak pertama adalah dengan dibentuknya *advisory committee* yang terdiri dari orang-orang yang dijadikan tempat berkonsultasi dalam pengambilan keputusan. Kemudian ada kerjasama dengan pemerintahan lokal di Jharkhand, yang sekaligus menjadi tolak ukur keberhasilan dari peran KSCF karena mendapatkan pengakuan dari pemerintah. Terakhir, dengan didirikannya *Responsible Mica Initiatives*, yang melibatkan banyak pihak di dalamnya.

## DAFTAR PUSTAKA

### BUKU

- Lewis, David dan Nazneen Kanji, *Non-Governmental Organizations and Development* (New York: Routledge, 2009)
- Creswell, John W. *Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches, Fourth Edition*, (London: Sage Publication, 2004)
- Ahmed, Shamima, David M. Potter, *NGOs in International Politics* (Bloomfield: Kumarian Press, 2006)
- Dugis, Vinsensio. *Teori Hubungan Internasional Perspektif-perspektif Klasik* (Surabaya: Cakra Studi Global Strategis, 2016)
- Pradhan, Raj Kishor. *Naxal Problem in India an Economic Analysis*” in *Politics Globalization and Insurgency Trends and Challenges*, ed. M.R. Biju (2015): 254.

### ARTIKEL JURNAL

- “Case Study on Child Friendly Vilage (*Bal Mitra Gram*)- BMG” *Bain&Company*, Maret 2018. 15
- “Child Friendly Village: Framework for Future Action for Ending Child Labour”, *Global March Against Child Labour*, 2017
- “Extent of Child Labour in the National Capital Territory of Delhi and Their Safety”, *Kailash Satyarthi Children’s Foundation*, 2019
- “Finding a Pragmatic Policy Solution for *Dhibra* (Mica Sbrap) Pickers of Jharkhand. *Terre des hommes – Mica scrap brochure final press*
- “Impact of Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme on Child Labour”, *ILO*, 27
- “India’s Childhood in the "Pits" A Report on the Impacts of Mining on Children in India”, *Dhaatri Resource Centre for Women and Children-Samata*, 115

Bachpan Bachao Andolan. National Consultation on Addressing Child Labour in Communities: Sharing Experiences from *Bal Mitra Gram* (BMG). India: Global March Against Child Labour

India's Childhood in the "Pits" , A report on impact of Mining on Children in India By Dhaatri Resource Centre for Women and Children – Samata in partnership with mines, minerals and People.

Laurie S Wiseberg, "NGOs in the Struggle to Combat Abusive and Exploitative Child Work, Januari 2005

Lendal, Nina. "Who Suffer for Beauty: The Child Labour Behind Make-up Glitter". (Copenhagen: Dan Watch, 2014)

Nagasayee Malathy, "Case Study on *Bal Mitra Gram* (Child Friendly Village)", *Kailash Satyarthi Children Foundation, 2*

Patrick Kilby, *The Strength of Networks: The Local NGO Response to the Tsunami in India, 2007*

Sem Moeskops, "Child Labour in Indian Companies That are Part of Global Supply Chains", Tilburg University.

Shweta Sengar, "Exploitative Child Labour in India's Legal Mines is Behind the Shimmer in Your

Singh, K.M. and Meena, M.S "Rural Poverty in Jharkhand, India: An Empirical Study based on Panel Data"

## **DOKUMEN / LAPORAN RESMI**

Article 2 and 4 of the Child Labour – Prohibition and Regulation – Amendment Act, 2016.

Article 2 of the Child Labour – Prohibition and Regulation – Act, 1986.

Indian Minerals Yearbook 2017

The Forest (Conservation) Act 1980. Central Act no 69 1980

## **SITUS DARING**

"2 Arti pekerja kasar di KBBI", *Lektur.ID*. <https://lektur.id/arti-pekerja-kasar/>

"21 yr old Giridih boy Receives Prestigious Diana Award. Here's his inspiring story", India TV News Desk.

- <https://www.indiatvnews.com/news/good-news/21-yr-old-giridih-boy-neeraj-murmu-receives-diana-award-inspiring-story-631117>.
- “Aamjhar Bal Panchyat – Child Parliament.” *Equator Initiative*. <https://www.equatorinitiative.org/2020/04/24/solution11378/>
- “About Us,” Responsible Mica Initiative. <https://responsible-mica-initiative.com/about-us-rmi>
- “About Us”, KSCF. <https://satyarthi.org.in/about-us/#our-vision>.
- “An Oasis of Hope for Rescued Children”, Gulf News India, 30 Oktober 2014. <https://gulfnews.com/world/asia/india/an-oasis-of-hope-for-rescued-children-1.1405969>
- “Arya Samaj Movement”, Priest Services. <https://aryasamajsa.org/index.php/the-arya-samaj-movement/>
- “Bal Panchayats.” *Centre for Integrated Development*. [http://www.cidindia.org/?page\\_id=1193#:~:text=Bal%20Panchayat%20\(children's%20parliament\)%20is,affect%20children%20directly%20or%20indirectly](http://www.cidindia.org/?page_id=1193#:~:text=Bal%20Panchayat%20(children's%20parliament)%20is,affect%20children%20directly%20or%20indirectly)
- “Biography”, Kailash Satyarthi. <https://www.kailashsatyarthi.net/who-we-are>
- “Collaboration Between Govt. of Jharkhand and Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation (KSCF) to create Child Labour free Mica Mines.” *Latest Laws*. (2018). <https://www.latestlaws.com/human-rights-news/collaboration-between-govt-of-jharkhand-and-kailash-satyarthi-childrens-foundation-kscf-to-create-child-labour-free-mica-mines/>.
- “Every Child Matters It is Time to do More”, KSCF. <https://satyarthi.org.in/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/brochure-2017-2018.pdf>
- “Global Spotlight on Illegal Mica Mines Drives Indian Villagers to Hide Deaths”, *Reuters*, 20 November 2019. <https://www.reuters.com/article/us-india-mica-child-labour-trfn-idUSKBN1XU04I>
- “Help Children in Rural Areas to Fight for Their Rights”, Give India. <https://www.giveindia.org/program/Help-children-in-rural-areas-to-fight-for-their-rights>
- “Home” *Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation* <https://satyarthi.org.in/>
- “Home”, Bachpan Bachao Andolan. <https://bba.org.in/>
- “India's Mining Story”, *One India One People*, 1 Februari 2018, <https://oneindiaonepeople.com/indias-mining->

story/#:~:text=By%20some%20accounts%2C%20mining%20is%200more%20than%206%2C000%20years%20old.&text=The%20first%20recorded%20account%20of,river%20Damodar%20in%20West%20Bengal.

“India’s Mining Story”, *One India One People*, 1 Februari 2018.  
<https://oneindiaonepeople.com/indias-mining-story/>

“India”, *UNICEF*. <https://data.unicef.org/country/ind/>

“Kailash Satyarthi Biographical”, *The Nobel Prize*.  
<https://www.nobelprize.org/prizes/peace/2014/satyarthi/biographical/>

“Kailash Satyarthi: Fighting for Children’s Right, One Step at a Time”, *UNESCO*.  
<https://en.unesco.org/courier/january-march-2018/kailash-satyarthi-fighting-children-s-rights-one-step-time>

“Literacy”, *Know India*. <https://knowindia.gov.in/profile/literacy.php>

“Metals and Mining”, *Invest India*, 9 Maret 2021,  
<https://www.investindia.gov.in/sector/metals-mining>

“Metals and Mining”, *Invest India*, 9 Maret 2021.  
<https://www.investindia.gov.in/sector/metals-mining#:~:text=India%20is%20home%20to%201%2C531,minerals%20and%2055%20minor%20minerals.>

“Mica,” *GK Today*, 21 Maret 2010. <https://www.gktoday.in/gk/mica/#Legislations>

“Mica,” *IMA Europe*. <https://www.ima-europe.eu/about-industrial-minerals/industrial-minerals-ima-europe/mica>

“Mica,” *Mineral Database*. <https://mineralseducationcoalition.org/minerals-database/mica/>

“Milestones Towards Child-Friendly India”, *KSCF*,  
<https://satyarthi.org.in/milestones-towards-child-friendly-india/>

“Mining in India”, *Lexology*, 18 Juli 2018,  
<https://www.lexology.com/library/detail>

“Mining in India”, *Lexology*, 18 Juli 2018.  
<https://www.lexology.com/library/detail.aspx?g=6e1b8cb8-f7bd-4905-9d0e-13a304d9cb4d>

“Organisations”, *Kailash Satyarthi*.  
<https://www.kailashsatyarthi.net/organisations>

“Our Work”, *Bal Mitra Gram (Child Friendly Village)*. <https://satyarthi.org.in/bal-mitra-gram/>

- “The Employment of Children Act, 1938 Act No. 26 of 1938”, *Bare Acts Live*, 26 Juli 2019,. <http://www.bareactslive.com/ACA/act3430.htm>
- “The Relation Between Mica and Ayurvedic Medicines”, *Makhan Lal Sangai*, 19 Mei 2015. [http://www.indianmica.com/blog/the-relation-between-mica-and-ayurvedic-medicines\\_5280.htm](http://www.indianmica.com/blog/the-relation-between-mica-and-ayurvedic-medicines_5280.htm)
- “Yuva Mandal (Youth Group).” <https://www.yumpu.com/en/document/read/10480688/yuva-mandal-youth-group-cord>,
- Alok K N Mishra, “Bihar’s ‘Child Labourer-Free Block is Back Employing Innocence”, *The Times of India*. <https://timesofindia.indiatimes.com/india/bihars-child-labourer-free-block-is-back-employing-innocence/articleshow/49301341.cms>
- Ben Doherty, “India’s mica mines: The shameful truth behind mineral’s make-ups shimmer”, *The Sydney Morning Herald*, 19 Januari 2014. <https://www.smh.com.au/national/indias-mica-mines-the-shameful-truth-behind-mineral-makeups-shimmer-20140118-311wk.html>
- Catherine Peyraud, “Our Chance to Tackle Abuses in Mica Industry After Years of Violence, Secrecy”, *Thomas Reuters Foundation News*, 3 Agustus 2016. <https://news.trust.org/item/20160803103055-m3ycp/>
- Dr. V. Sasi Kumar, “The Education System in India”, *GNU Operating System*. <https://www.gnu.org/education/edu-system-india>.
- Lisa Niven-Phillips, “Skincare Alphabet: M Is for Mica,” *Vogue*, 2 Agustus 2016. <https://www.vogue.co.uk/article/skincare-alphabet-what-is-mica>
- Malavia Rajkumar, “What Does India’s Law Say on Child Labour? How to File Complaints?”, *The Quint*, 12 Juni 2020 <https://www.thequint.com/explainers/child-labour-in-india-what-laws-say-explained>
- Nita Bhalla, Rina Chandran, “Blood Mica: Deaths of child workers in India's mica 'ghost' mines covered up to keep industry alive”, *Reuters* 3 Agustus 2016. <https://www.reuters.com/article/india-mica-children-idINKCN10E0CV>
- OXFAM India. “10 things you need to know about the RTE Act #HaqBantaHai.” A movement to End Discrimination. (2018). <https://www.oxfamindia.org/blog/10-things-rte#:~:text=The%20Right%20to%20Education%20Act,India%20on%204%20August%202009.&text=This%20act%20came%20into%20effect,fundamental%20right%20for%20every%20child>.
- Ratna Gill, Kaushiki Saraswat, “What It Takes To Re-Enroll School Dropouts From Vulnerable Communities: Lessons from Jharkhand”, *Outlook*,

29 Juli 2019. <https://www.outlookindia.com/website/story/india-news-what-it-takes-to-re-enroll-school-dropouts-in-vulnerable-communities-lessons-from-jharkhand/335109>,

Responsible Mica Initiative. "Responsible Mica Initiative (RMI) Accelerates Towards Building a Robust and Responsible Mica Supply Chain in India. *Business Wire India*. (2018). <https://www.businesswireindia.com/responsible-mica-initiative-rmi-accelerates-towards-building-a-robust-and-responsible-mica-supply-chain-in-india-60927.html>

Richard Pallardy, "Kailash Satyarthi, Indian Social Reformer", *Britannica*. <https://www.britannica.com/biography/Kailash-Satyarthi>

Satyarthi. "*Bal Mitra Gram*", *Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation*. <https://satyarthi.org.in/bal-mitra-gram/>

Satyarthi. "Bal Panchayat advocating their way to change the quality of education" *Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation*. <https://satyarthi.org.in/stories/nisha/>

Satyarthi. "Neeraj Murmu: Winner of Diana Award, 2020." *Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation*. <https://satyarthi.org.in/stories/neeraj/>

Shweta Sengar, "Exploitative Child Labour in India's Legal Mines is Behind the Shimmer in Your Make Up", *India Times*, 28 Agustus 2019. <https://www.indiatimes.com/news/india/exploitative-child-labour-in-india-s-illegal-mica-mines-is-behind-the-shimmer-in-your-makeup-374431.html#:~:text=It%20is%20estimated%20that%2022%2C000,cent%20of%20which%20are%20illegal.>

## WAWANCARA

Wawancara penulis dengan Om Prakash, Director of *Bal Mitra Gram*, pada tanggal 10 April 2021.

## **LAMPIRAN**

### **Lampiran A**

#### **Interview Questions with Kailash Satyarthi Children's Foundation**

Date : Sunday, April 10<sup>th</sup> 2021

Time : 13.30 WIB/ 12.00 EST

Duration : +/- 60 minutes

Media : Whatsapp video call

Interviewer : Sophia Yohanes

International Relations Major Student, Parahyangan Catholic  
University, Bandung, Indonesia

Interviewee : Om Prakash Pal

Director of Bal Mitra Gram, Chapter Jharkhand, India.

#### **Part 1 : Get to know KSCF**

1. Before we get into the question, i wanna clarify a thing because everywhere i search, in BBA website, KSCF website, i could find about who is exactly in charge of Bal Mitra Gram program. Is it KSCF or BBA? Or how is exactly the relations between these two organization? Can you elaborate a bit of the history and context?

2. With the connectivity between BBA & KSCF, which one is the pillar of Bal Mitra Gram, is it KSCF or BBA? How is the mission & vision related to the child labour issue?

3. Speaking of mica mining, why was KSCF choosing mica out of more than 1531 operating mines and 95 minerals in India. Can you tell background story of choosing “mica mining” as one of your organization’s involved area?

4. Is mica that important to India? How crucial is it? Did KSCF Highlight the importance of mica mining to India?

### **Part 2: Jharkhand, area of intervention**

1. Why did you choose these two areas to be involved in this campaign? Why mica mining is important in that two areas?

2. How far is the significant of mica mining in there?

### **Part 3: India mining and child labour issue**

1. If we talk about impact of mining to children, we know it will be revolved around **poverty** that lead **them to violation of right to education** (mining children are unable to access schools or are forced to drop out of schools because of circumstances arising from mining), and it follows with **child labour** phenomena that include their vulnerability to exploitation, illnesses, malnutrition, and so on. How’s your view about this?

2. If we look closer to the impact, its more like a cycle than a linear causal relation. Based on your experience in the field, how is it? What do you think the main components of this vicious cycle of (poverty)?

### **Part 4: Role of Kailash Satyarthi Children’s Foundation**

1. As i’ve seen in your website and media coverages, i wanna point out 4 of your works in the areas of Bihar and Jharkhand, which are Bal Mitra Gram, Bal

Panchayat, Mahila Mandal, Yuva Mandal, Responsible Mica Initiative. What are the specific objectives of these 4 organizations?

2. What are the challenges that you've been facing in the implementation of BMG?

3. How did you overcome that challenges? How about the solution?

4. About Responsible Mica Initiatives, Can you tell how significant the partnership between KSCF and other stakeholder to finally bring this issue to be recognized by the government?