

BAB V

Kesimpulan

Perubahan iklim merupakan suatu isu yang dampaknya dapat dirasakan oleh seluruh dunia. Perubahan iklim membutuhkan tindakan yang cepat dan tanggap dari komunitas internasional, agar dapat ditanggulangi dan tidak larut menyebabkan dampak-dampak yang tidak dapat diubah. Dampak-dampak dari perubahan iklim dapat digambarkan dengan meningkatnya frekuensi bencana alam dan perubahan alam secara geologis. Contohnya, peristiwa kenaikan permukaan air laut dan banjir. Komunitas internasional telah mengakui urgensi dari isu ini, sehingga komunitas internasional terus menerus berupaya untuk membentuk suatu kerangka kerja untuk menanggulangi perubahan iklim secara serentak.

Memperhatikan pembatasan waktu pada penelitian ini di jangka waktu dari tahun 2015 hingga tahun 2019, penulis menggunakan kerangka kerja SDG nomor 7 dan *Paris Agreement* yang diresmikan pada tahun 2015. SDG nomor 7 berupaya; memastikan akses universal terhadap layanan energi yang terjangkau, dapat diandalkan, dan modern; meningkatkan pemanfaatan sumber energi bersih pada keseluruhan sumber energi global; serta menggandakan efisiensi energi dunia. SDG nomor 7 merupakan bagian dari 17 poin SDGs yang berusaha dicapai sebelum tahun 2030 oleh PBB. Sementara, *Paris Agreement* merupakan perjanjian

internasional di bawah UNFCCC yang bertujuan untuk membatasi kenaikan suhu dunia di bawah 2 derajat celcius.

SEforALL merupakan organisasi internasional non-pemerintah yang bertujuan untuk mewujudkan SDG nomor 7 dan mendukung pemenuhan *Paris Agreement*. Pemenuhan *Paris Agreement* dinilai sejalan dengan perwujudan SDG nomor 7. SEforALL menyelenggarakan berbagai program kerja untuk berupaya membantu negara-negara dalam mewujudkan SDG nomor 7. Indonesia merupakan salah satu mitra kerja sama aktif dari SEforALL. Sehingga, SEforALL, sebagai organisasi internasional yang juga bertujuan untuk mewujudkan SDG nomor 7, berupaya untuk bekerja sama dengan Pemerintah Indonesia dalam mencapai tujuan bersama tersebut. Upaya SEforALL tersebut dilaksanakan melalui penyelenggaraan fungsi organisasi internasionalnya; fungsi penyampaian dan pengumpulan; fungsi penerapan peraturan; fungsi informasi; dan fungsi operasional.

Pertama, SEforALL menyediakan wadah bagi Pemerintah Indonesia untuk membentuk kelompok bekerja melalui program kerja “*UN-Energy*” dan “*Sustainable Energy Diplomacy*”. Melalui kedua program kerja tersebut, Pemerintah Indonesia dikumpulkan dengan berbagai pemangku kepentingan agar dapat berdialog untuk membentuk hubungan kerja sama. Kedua, SEforALL mengawasi penerapan peraturan yang dilaksanakan oleh Pemerintah Indonesia melalui publikasi seri laporan “*Tracking SDG 7: The Energy Report*”, “*SEforALL Analysis of SDG7 Progress*”, serta “*Understanding the Landscape*” di bawah program kerja “*Energy Finance*.” SEforALL menggunakan strategi penegakan

peraturan melalui publisitas, persuasi, dan tekanan moral terhadap Pemerintah Indonesia agar terus berkomitmen dalam mewujudkan SDG nomor 7. Ketiga, SEforALL menyediakan informasi dan menguatkan alur komunikasi untuk Pemerintah Indonesia. SEforALL menggunakan 2 cara, yaitu dengan memfasilitasi forum dan publisitas informasi kepada masyarakat luas. Melalui cara pertama, SEforALL menyediakan wadah bertukar informasi yang disediakan di bawah program kerja “*UN-Energy*” dan “*Sustainable Energy Diplomacy*”. Sementara, melalui cara kedua, SEforALL menyediakan informasi bagi masyarakat luas melalui penerbitan berbagai laporan dan berita pada *website* SEforALL. Keempat, SEforALL menyelenggarakan program terstruktur yang mendukung pencapaian tujuan bersama. Program-program terstruktur tersebut terdiri dari “*The SHIFT SEA Project*”, “*Policy and Regulatory Frameworks*”, dan “*Energy Efficiency for Sustainable Development.*” Pelaksanaan setiap program kerja mendukung perwujudan SDG nomor 7. “*The SHIFT SEA Project*” merupakan program kerja yang bertujuan untuk menggeser arus investasi lembaga keuangan internasional kepada transisi sektor energi di 3 negara target, termasuk Indonesia. Sementara, “*Policy and Regulatory Frameworks*” merupakan program kerja yang bertujuan untuk menyediakan *platform* pengetahuan yang dapat membantu pembuat kebijakan. Terakhir, “*Energy Efficiency for Sustainable Development*” merupakan program kerja yang bertujuan untuk mengembangkan efisiensi energi, sebagai target 7.3 dari SDG nomor 7.

Sehingga, SEforALL telah melaksanakan upaya-upaya untuk bekerja sama dengan Pemerintah Indonesia dalam mewujudkan SDG nomor 7. Upaya-upaya

tersebut dilaksanakan melalui fungsi organisasi internasional SEforALL, sesuai dengan argumentasi Clive Archer. Upaya-upaya tersebut merupakan; menyediakan wadah untuk membentuk kelompok bekerja; mengawasi penerapan peraturan melalui publikasi laporan; menyediakan informasi dan menguatkan alur komunikasi; serta menyelenggarakan program terstruktur yang mendukung pencapaian tujuan. Seluruh upaya tersebut dilaksanakan untuk mencapai tujuan bersama antara Pemerintah Indonesia dan SEforALL, yaitu mewujudkan SDG nomor 7.

Upaya-upaya tersebut berkontribusi nyata terhadap perwujudan SDG nomor 7 oleh Pemerintah Indonesia. Terdapat beberapa hasil kontribusi SEforALL yang membantu memenuhi kepentingan nasional Indonesia. Pertama, melalui fasilitasi forum G20 yang dilaksanakan oleh SEforALL, Pemerintah Indonesia berhasil diberikan kesempatan untuk menyampaikan kepentingan nasionalnya di arena internasional. SEforALL berhasil membantu kepentingan nasional tersebut untuk disertakan pada agenda G20. Selain itu, melalui *The SHIFT SEA Project*, SEforALL berhasil membentuk koalisi JIRE, yang pada akhirnya menjadi mitra nasional Bappenas dalam Perencanaan Pembangunan Rendah Karbon dan penyusunan RPJMN selanjutnya. Hasil-hasil tersebut membuktikan berbagai upaya SEforALL yang berkontribusi pada pemenuhan kepentingan nasional Indonesia dalam mewujudkan SDG nomor 7 secara nasional.

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