

BAB IV

KESIMPULAN

Penelitian ini telah mendeskripsikan upaya GGGI dalam membantu pemerintah Indonesia mewujudkan pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau dalam Program *Green Growth* fase I. Upaya GGGI tersebut dilakukan sebagai upaya agar Indonesia dapat mempertahankan laju pertumbuhan ekonomi berbasis sumber daya alam serta mencapai visi untuk menjadi negara berpenghasilan tinggi pada 2030. Hal tersebut didukung dengan pertumbuhan ekonomi berkelanjutan yang tidak mengorbankan aspek lingkungan dan sosial, sehingga mewujudkan pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau. Walaupun Indonesia telah menikmati pertumbuhan ekonomi dengan rata-rata 5,9 persen dari tahun 2009-2013, pertumbuhan ekonomi Indonesia tersebut didukung dari gaya pertumbuhan ekonomi yang berdampak pada aspek sosial dan lingkungan seperti menipisnya luas perhutanan Indonesia, tingginya emisi gas karbon, dan tingginya ketimpangan pendapatan. Sebagai hasilnya, Indonesia menjadi penyumbang emisi gas rumah kaca terbesar kelima di dunia, serta penyumbang emisi gas rumah kaca terbesar dari aktivitas pembukaan lahan. Sesuai dengan teori neoliberal institisionalisme, sebuah institusi internasional hadir dengan menormalisasi prinsip, norma, aturan, dan prosedur agar negara dapat mencapai keuntungan yang maksimal karena institusi internasional hadir untuk membantu sebuah negara menyelesaikan permasalahan atau isu yang tidak dapat diselesaikan

oleh negara tersebut secara unilateral. GGGI hadir di Indonesia untuk menormalisasi norma pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau yang sesuai dengan pendekatan *green growth* dalam perencanaan pembangunan Indonesia untuk mencapai pembangunan berkelanjutan. Dalam menormalisasi norma pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau, GGGI melakukan tiga upaya dalam menjalankan fungsi informasi, normatif, serta operasional untuk mengarusutamakan pendekatan *green growth* pada pembangunan Indonesia.

Penelitian ini menemukan tiga upaya yang dilakukan GGGI dalam mewujudkan pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau di Indonesia dengan Program *Green Growth*. Sesuai dengan prinsip kerja GGGI, GGGI memulai aktivitasnya berdasarkan aspirasi dan perencanaan negara yang sudah ada. Sehingga, upaya GGGI berangkat dari perencanaan yang telah tersedia karena GGGI menghindari adanya tumpang tindih kepentingan antara GGGI dengan Pemerintah Indonesia. Upaya GGGI juga sesuai dengan misinya untuk mengembangkan pendekatan *green growth* guna mendukung visi untuk mempromosikan pembangunan berkelanjutan yang inklusif secara sosial, ramah lingkungan, dan berkelanjutan.

Upaya pertama adalah penyusunan dokumen *Delivering Green Growth for a Prosperous Indonesia: A Roadmap for Policy, Planning, and Investment* sebagai peta jalan dalam mengarusutamakan pendekatan green growth dalam proses perencanaan. Sesuai dengan misi GGGI sebagai sebuah IGO, GGGI ingin mengembangkan pendekatan *green growth* sehingga dibutuhkannya pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* ke dalam perencanaan pembangunan Indonesia. Pengarusutamaan

pendekatan *green growth* itu penting agar perencanaan sebuah negara mencerminkan adanya integrasi antara aspek lingkungan dan sosial dalam perencanaan pembangunan guna mencapai pembangunan yang berkelanjutan. Pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* oleh GGGI dalam perencanaan Indonesia bertujuan untuk memastikan bahwa isu pertumbuhan hijau bukan isu sampingan, tetapi menjadi isu yang tertanam dalam pengambilan keputusan bagi Pemerintah Indonesia.

Dalam penyusunan dokumen peta jalan tersebut, GGGI melaksanakan fungsi normatif sebagai sebuah IGO di mana GGGI mendefinisikan perilaku standar yang harus ditaati. Dengan kata lain, GGGI berusaha untuk menghijaukan proses perencanaan, sehingga perilaku standar yang harus ditaati adalah sebuah perencanaan harus mempertimbangkan aspek lingkungan dan sosial agar dapat berkelanjutan dengan menggunakan pendekatan *green growth* yang dikembangkan GGGI. Dalam penyusunan dokumen peta jalan, GGGI menjelaskan bagaimana pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* dapat dilakukan dalam kebijakan, perencanaan, dan investasi. Pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* dalam kebijakan dapat dilakukan melalui kebijakan fiskal di mana GGGI mengidentifikasi kebijakan fiskal yang dapat mendorong pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau. Pengarusutamaan dalam perencanaan dilakukan dengan mengidentifikasi titik masuk pendekatan *green growth* yaitu melalui KLHS. Dan terakhir, pengarusutamaan dalam investasi dapat dilakukan dengan pengenalan metodologi dan *green tools* seperti GGAP dan eCBA yang dapat menilai dampak sosial dan lingkungan dari suatu proyek.

Upaya kedua adalah kolaborasi GGGI dengan Agensi REDD+ dalam penyusunan *Synthesis Report* untuk mempercepat terwujudnya pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau di Indonesia. Kolaborasi penting dilakukan karena REDD+ dan GGGI memiliki tujuan yang sama yaitu menurunkan emisi gas rumah kaca, sehingga kolaborasi antar keduanya dapat merupakan hubungan yang menguntungkan. *Synthesis Report* dibuat untuk memberi gambaran bagi Agensi REDD+ serta pemangku kepentingan lainnya megenai kegiatan yang telah dan akan dilakukan oleh REDD+ dalam wilayah kerjanya. Dalam penyusunan *Synthesis Report*, GGGI sebagai IGO melaksanakan fungsi informasi di mana GGGI mengumpulkan, menganalisis, dan menyebarkan informasinya.

Dalam penyusunan *Synthesis Report*, Agensi REDD+ khususnya REDD+ *Special Team* menyediakan informasi mengenai kegiatan REDD+ dalam wilayah kerjanya. Informasi tersebut disaring dan dikumpulkan oleh GGGI dan dirangkum untuk memudahkan staf Agensi REDD+ dan pemangku kepentingan lainnya. Setelah mengumpulkan kegiatan REDD+ dalam wilayah kerjanya, GGGI menganalisis tiga wilayah kerja yang diidentifikasi oleh REDD+ *Special Team* sebagai wilayah yang harus diprioritaskan. Sebagai hasilnya, GGGI menilai bahwa Kalimantan Tengah, Kalimantan Timur, dan Jambi memiliki potensi yang lebih besar dalam mencapai tujuan REDD+ akibat kegiatan yang telah dilakukan dalam tiga wilayah kerja tersebut. Kegiatan yang dimaksud GGGI adalah proyek lahan gambut berupa rehabilitasi dan konservasi sabuk gambut di Kalimantan Tengah, pengelolaan hutan berkelanjutan di Kalimantan Tengah dan Timur, pengembangan model perlindungan

pengelolaan hutan di Kalimantan Timur dan Jambi, serta Inisiatif Taman Nasional Berbak di Jambi. Kegiatan-kegiatan tersebut dinilai GGGI dapat berkontribusi terhadap penurunan emisi gas rumah kaca karena upaya konservasi dan pengelolaan hutan. Kegiatan tersebut juga mendorong keterlibatan masyarakat dalam menyusun sistem pengelolaan hutan berkelanjutan yang juga dapat mendorong perekonomian lokal. Sehingga, kegiatan-kegiatan tersebut mencerminkan pendekatan *green growth* karena mencakup aspek lingkungan dan sosial yang dikembangkan oleh GGGI. *Synthesis Report* tersebut ditutup dengan hasil analisis GGGI terhadap wilayah kerja REDD+ yang harus diprioritaskan sesuai dengan kegiatannya yang dapat mempercepat terwujudnya pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau di Indonesia. *Synthesis Report* tersebut dipublikasikan dalam situs web GGGI dan dapat diakses secara umum. Dengan demikian, GGGI dalam penyusunan *Synthesis Report* melaksanakan fungsi informasi.

Upaya ketiga yaitu peningkatan kapasitas bagi pemerintah daerah melalui sesi lokakarya mengenai pendekatan *green growth*. Peningkatan kapasitas merupakan salah satu upaya dalam mengarusutamakan *green growth* dalam Program *Green Growth* fase I. Tujuan dari peningkatan kapasitas adalah meningkatkan kemampuan dalam menggunakan alat hijau dalam pendekatan *green growth* terhadap proses perencanaan dan kebijakan. Melalui sesi lokakarya, pemerintah daerah diberikan pemahaman lebih lanjut mengenai pendekatan *green growth* khususnya dalam menggunakan alat hijau. Dalam sesi lokakarya, GGGI menyediakan ahli lokal maupun internasional. Sehingga, GGGI melaksanakan fungsi operasional di mana

GGGI menyediakan bantuan teknis berupa menyediakan ahli untuk sesi lokakarya. Sesi lokakarya dalam pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* telah dilakukan di Kalimantan Timur dalam *Workshop Kerja Sama Kalimantan Timur dengan GGGI* dan di Kabupaten Pulang Pisau, Kalimantan Tengah dalam *Visioning Workshop Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Hijau*.

Dengan tiga upaya tersebut, GGGI membantu pemerintah Indonesia mewujudkan pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau. Melalui Program *Green Growth* fase I, pengarusutamaan pendekatan *green growth* sangat penting dilakukan karena sebagai fondasi dari pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau. Dalam ketiga upaya tersebut GGGI berusaha untuk menormalisasi norma pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau dengan menerapkan pendekatan *green growth* dalam perencanaan di mana sebuah perencanaan harus mempertimbangkan aspek sosial dan lingkungan untuk mencapai pertumbuhan ekonomi hijau di Indonesia.

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