

BAB V

KESIMPULAN

5.1. Kesimpulan

Setelah menganalisa kedua proses penyelesaian konflik, penulis menemukan setidaknya dua hal yang membedakan kedua masa pemerintahan. Keduanya adalah fokus perdamaian, dan perubahan konstruktif. Terkait dengan fokus perdamaian, penulis menemukan bahwa:

Proses penyelesaian konflik pada masa pemerintahan Juan Manuel Santos mengarah kepada *positive peace*. Melalui implementasi yang bersifat preventif, pemerintah Kolombia mampu untuk mengeliminasi kekerasan baru/ yang akan terjadi, sehingga pola kekerasan akibat konflik FARC-EP tidak terulang kembali. *Havana Peace Process* menjadi implementasi yang penting bagi upaya perdamaian Kolombia karena mampu untuk memberikan solusi jangka panjang bagi kedua pihak negosiator yang mengeliminasi kekerasan konflik FARC-EP serta berusaha untuk mengeliminasi kekerasan struktural dalam masyarakat melalui agenda-agenda terkait. Upaya pemerintah untuk mengeliminasi kekerasan struktural tersebut sesuai dengan konsep *positive peace*.

Di sisi lain, proses penyelesaian konflik dalam masa pemerintahan Alvaro Uribe mengarah kepada *negative peace*. Dimana proses penyelesaian tersebut menggunakan kontak bersenjata yang bersifat kuratif. Hal ini hanya mampu untuk menyelesaikan permasalahan yang sudah terjadi, namun tidak mampu untuk mencegah terjadinya kekerasan-kekerasan baru. Sesuai dengan pandangan Johan Galtung, *negative peace* tidak akan mengarah kepada kondisi yang positif. Hal ini dibuktikan dengan munculnya permasalahan kekerasan sosial, politik, edukasi dan keamanan dalam masyarakat Kolombia. Implementasi dari upaya perdamaian tersebut juga menimbulkan kekerasan secara fisik dan psikologis, yang menurut Johan Galtung mampu untuk menciptakan kekerasan baru.

Perubahan selanjutnya dapat dilihat dari perubahan konstruktif dalam transformasi konflik kedua proses penyelesaian konflik, yakni:

Pemerintahan Juan Manuel Santos didukung oleh penggunaan transformasi konflik yang mengubah karakteristik, hubungan, struktur dan manifestasi konflik FARC-EP menjadi negosiasi perdamaian serta menciptakan perubahan yang konstruktif. Transformasi konflik tersebut dapat dilihat pada awal proses *Havana Peace Process* yang berhasil menurunkan tingkat kekerasan dan membangun kepercayaan bagi kedua aktor konflik untuk menyelesaikan konflik. Implementasi upaya perdamaian tersebut juga ditujukan untuk mengeliminasi akar permasalahan untuk menciptakan perubahan konstruktif bagi Kolombia. Hal ini dilakukan melalui penyusunan agenda negosiasi terkait permasalahan masyarakat Kolombia dan didukung dengan aksi yang komprehensif dari aktor-aktor dalam komunitas dan sektor yang berbeda juga keberadaan negara penjamin,

pendamping dan pihak internasional yang mendukung proses negosiasi tersebut. Hal ini sesuai dengan karakteristik dari teori transformasi konflik John Paul Lederach. Dengan mengubah hubungan, struktur dan manifestasi konflik, serta upaya pengeliminasian akar permasalahan, transformasi konflik mendukung upaya perdamaian pemerintahan Juan Manuel Santos untuk berhasil menyelesaikan konflik.

Di sisi lain, terkait dengan pemerintahan Alvaro Uribe menggunakan konflik bersenjata, konsep perdamaian yang berbeda serta fokus pemerintah Kolombia kepada konflik dengan FARC-EP, sulit bagi FARC-EP dan pemerintah Kolombia untuk merubah hubungan dan mencapai perdamaian. Transformasi konflik dalam masa pemerintahan Alvaro Uribe dilakukan, namun belum mencapai perubahan konstruktif secara utuh. Perubahan konstruktif dapat dilihat dari peningkatan kapabilitas kekuatan militer Kolombia. Namun perubahan tersebut dapat dikatakan belum utuh dikarenakan dampaknya masih bersifat jangka pendek bahkan berdampak buruk bagi masyarakat Kolombia. Dibuktikan oleh perubahan yang justru membawa dampak yang negatif: keberadaan eksekusi diluar hukum, kerjasama antara militer Kolombia dengan beberapa grup paramiliter, sistem penjara yang kurang baik, pengawasan illegal (*illegal surveillance*) terhadap masyarakat, proses pengadilan yang tidak efisien, berkurangnya kualitas sarana kesehatan, edukasi dan lapangan kerja dalam Kolombia.

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